

Contents

1 Japanese Encephalitis and Problem in Vector Surveillance:	
An Introduction	1
1.1 Introduction	1
1.2 Global Scenario	2
1.3 Emergence of JE in India	3
1.4 Magnitude of JE Problem in India	4
1.4.1 Trend of JE Occurrence	5
1.4.2 Contribution of JE Cases by States	5
1.4.3 Concept of Endemic and Epidemic Districts in India	6
1.5 JE Outbreaks in India	7
1.6 Clinical Presentation and Diagnosis	7
1.6.1 Laboratory Diagnosis	8
1.7 Epidemiology of Japanese Encephalitis	9
1.7.1 Natural History	9
1.7.2 Seasonality	10
1.8 Vectors of Japanese Encephalitis	10
1.9 Problem Faced While Investigating AES/JE Outbreak in Northern India	11
1.10 Research Problem Addressed by the Author and Included in this Book	12
1.10.1 Developed a New Sampling Technique for JE Vector Surveillance	12
1.10.2 Pictorial Key to Common Species of <i>Culex</i> (<i>Culex</i>) Mosquitoes Associated with JEV in India	12
1.10.3 Ecological Studies on JE Vectors in Northern India	13
1.10.4 Discovery of a New Bio-Control Agent	13
1.10.5 Situation Specific Vector Control Measures	13
1.11 JE Control Programme in India	13
1.11.1 Vaccination	13
1.11.2 JE Vector Control	14
References	15

2	Mosquito Surveillance Tools Used and Methodology Followed in Ecological Study on JE Vectors in Northern India	17
2.1	Introduction	17
2.2	Study Area	17
2.2.1	Phase 1: Non-Endemic Area—In and Around Delhi (1998–2002)	18
2.2.2	Phase 2: Endemic Area I—Karnal District, Haryana State of India (2002–2004)	18
2.2.3	Phase 3: JE Endemic Area II—Saharanpur District, Uttar Pradesh State of India (2005–2006)	18
2.3	Methodology	19
2.3.1	Metrological Data.	19
2.3.2	Epidemiological Data.	19
2.3.3	Sampling of Adult Mosquitoes.	19
2.3.4	Sampling of Mosquito Larvae	22
2.3.5	Mosquito Blood Meal Identification	22
2.3.6	JE Virus Detection	22
2.4	Pictorial Key for Identification of Common Species of <i>Culex</i> (<i>Culex</i>) Mosquitoes	23
	References	23
3	Pictorial Key to Common Species of <i>Culex</i> (<i>Culex</i>) Mosquitoes Associated with Japanese Encephalitis Virus in India.	25
3.1	Introduction	25
3.2	Pictorial Key to Commonly Encountered Species of <i>Culex</i> (<i>Culex</i>) Mosquitoes Associated with Japanese Encephalitis in India	32
	References	42
4	BPD Hop Cage Method for Effective JE Vector Surveillance.	43
4.1	Introduction	43
4.2	Standardisation of BPD Hop Cage Method for Sampling JE Vectors	44
4.3	Identification of Various Natural Day Resting Places of <i>Cx. tritaeniorhynchus</i> in and Around Delhi	48
4.4	Comparative Efficacy of Drop Net, Hand Catch and BPD Hop Cage Method for Monitoring JE Vector Abundance	50
4.5	Use of BPD Hop Cage Method in JE Vector Surveillance and Outbreak Investigation of JE/AES	53
4.5.1	JE Vector Surveillance	53
4.5.2	Outbreak Investigation of AES/JE	56
	References	59
5	Ecology of <i>Culex tritaeniorhynchus</i> in and Adjoining Areas of Delhi, Non endemic Area in Northern India, with Special Reference to <i>Chilodonella uncinata</i> as a Bio-control Agent.	61
5.1	Introduction	61

5.2	Seasonal Abundance of <i>Culex tritaeniorhynchus</i> in and Around Delhi	63
5.3	Resting Preference of <i>Culex tritaeniorhynchus</i> in and Around Delhi	65
5.4	First Time Detection of Overwintering Phenomenon in <i>Culex tritaeniorhynchus</i> in India	66
5.5	Breeding Habit of <i>Culex tritaeniorhynchus</i> in and Around Delhi	67
5.6	Natural Microbial Organisms Found Infecting JE Vector Larvae in and Around Delhi	68
5.6.1	Discovery of a New Microbial Control Agent for Mosquito Vectors of Human Diseases	68
5.6.2	Events that Lead to the Invention	69
5.6.3	Problems Encountered in Detection, Isolation and Identification of the Causative Organism	69
5.6.4	Biological Characteristics of <i>Chilodonella uncinata</i>	70
5.6.5	Role of <i>Ch. uncinata</i> on the Population Dynamics of <i>Cx. tritaeniorhynchus</i> Mosquito in Nature	73
5.6.6	Colonization of <i>Ch. uncinata</i> Under Laboratory Condition	76
5.6.7	Formulation	77
5.6.8	Mode of Entry of <i>Ch. uncinata</i> Inside the Host Body and Subsequent Histopathology	78
5.6.9	Filing of National and International Patents	79
5.7	Situation Specific Vector Control Measures in and Around Delhi	79
5.7.1	Control Strategies in Delhi	80
5.7.2	Control Strategies in Paddy Growing Areas of Sonipat District (Haryana)	81
	References	82
6	Ecology of <i>Culex tritaeniorhynchus</i> in Karnal District (JE Endemic Area), Haryana State in Northern India	85
6.1	Introduction	85
6.2	JE in Haryana State/Karnal District	87
6.3	Ecological Study of JE Vectors in Karnal District	87
6.3.1	Prevalence of <i>Cx. tritaeniorhynchus</i> , the Principal JE Vector Species in the Karnal District	88
6.3.2	Seasonal Abundance of <i>Cx. tritaeniorhynchus</i> in Study Sites in Karnal District	90
6.3.3	Resting Habit of Vector Species Study in Areas of the District	92
6.3.4	Seasonal Abundance of Larval Stages of <i>Cx. tritaeniorhynchus</i> in Karnal District	92
6.3.5	First Time Detection of JE Virus in Vector Species from Haryana State	93
6.4	Spread of JE to New Areas	95
6.5	JE Control Options	96
6.5.1	Mosquito Control	96

6.5.2	Control of Pigs	98
6.5.3	Vaccination	98
	References	98
7	Ecology of Mosquito Vectors of Japanese Encephalitis Virus in Saharanpur District (JE Endemic Area), Uttar Pradesh State in Northern India	101
7.1	Introduction	101
7.1.1	Mosquito Control Strategy Adopted by Saharanpur District. . .	104
7.1.2	Need for Ecological Study of JE Vectors in Saharanpur District.	104
7.2	Epidemiological Profile of Japanese Encephalitis in Uttar Pradesh State/Saharanpur District	105
7.2.1	Magnitude of JE Problem in Uttar Pradesh State.	105
7.2.2	Japanese Encephalitis Problem in Saharanpur District	106
7.3	Mosquito Fauna of Saharanpur District Including Notes on their Medical Importance	108
7.3.1	Topography of Saharanpur District	108
7.3.2	Study Sites	111
7.3.3	Features of Affected and Unaffected Study Sites.	112
7.3.4	Adult Mosquito Survey	112
7.3.5	Medical Importance of Mosquitoes of Saharanpur District.	120
7.4	Comparative Seasonal Abundance of <i>Culex tritaeniorhynchus</i> from Affected and Unaffected Study Areas of Saharanpur District	122
7.4.1	Proportion of Members of <i>Culex vishnui</i> Subgroup Taken in Affected and Unaffected Villages	122
7.4.2	Comparative Seasonal Abundance of <i>Cx. tritaeniorhynchus</i> , Primary JE Vector Species in Saharanpur District	122
7.5	Shifting Pattern in the Resting Habit of <i>Cx. tritaeniorhynchus</i> in Saharanpur District.	127
7.6	Feeding Behaviour of <i>Cx. tritaeniorhynchus</i> in Saharanpur District.	130
7.7	Brick Kiln Industry and Its Role in JE Vector Breeding Potential in Saharanpur District.	131
7.8	Detection of Natural Vertical Transmission of JE Virus in Vector Mosquitoes of Saharanpur District	134
7.9	Seasonal Variations in Minimum Infection Rates of JE Virus in Vector Mosquitoes in Relation to Seasonal Abundance of <i>Cx. tritaeniorhynchus</i> in Saharanpur District.	136
7.10	JE Vector/Virus Surveillance	137
7.10.1	JE Vector Surveillance	138
7.10.2	JE Virus Surveillance in Mosquitoes	138

7.11	JE Vector Control/Management Strategies for Saharanpur District	138
7.11.1	Protection of Human	138
7.11.2	Reduction of Adult Vector Population	139
7.11.3	Measures to Protect Pigs	139
7.12	JE Vaccination Programme in Saharanpur District	140
	References	140
Index.	143



<http://www.springer.com/978-81-322-0860-0>

Mosquito Vectors of Japanese Encephalitis Virus from
Northern India

Role of BPD hop cage method

Das, B.P.

2013, XXIII, 144 p. 80 illus., 25 illus. in color., Softcover

ISBN: 978-81-322-0860-0