

**substance:**  $V_nO_{2n+1}$ :  $n \geq 3$   
**property:** physical properties

### **$V_6O_{13}$**

Magnetic susceptibility: Figs. 1, 2.  $T_N \approx 55$  K. The transition at 150 K has been reported as semiconductor-semiconductor [73S] and semiconductor-metal [74K]. Considerable anisotropy of conductivity has been reported (Fig. 3). The Seebeck coefficient shows the material is p-type below 150 K (Fig. 4) [74K]. IR bands at 895 and 865  $\text{cm}^{-1}$  shift to 890 and 862  $\text{cm}^{-1}$  on 22.76 at%  $^{18}\text{O}$  doping;  $T_{tr}$  increases by + 1.0 K on same doping [80R].

### **$V_3O_7$**

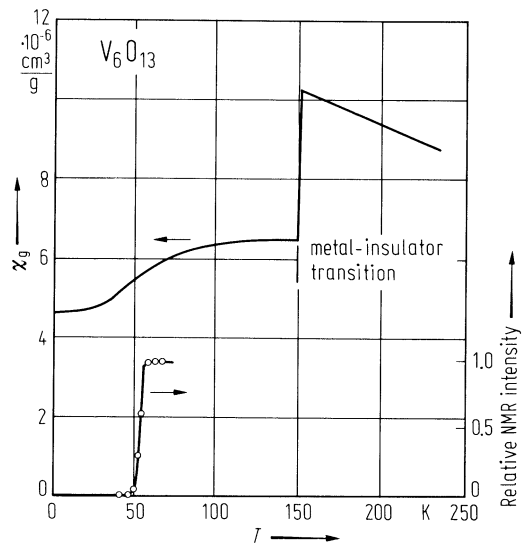
Magnetic susceptibility: Fig. 5. For high temperatures  $\chi_m \propto C_m/(T-\Theta_p)$  with  $C_m = 0.40 \text{ cm}^3 \text{ K mol}^{-1}$  and  $\Theta_p = 10(5) \text{ K}$  according to [74B],  $C_m = 0.446 \text{ cm}^3 \text{ K mol}^{-1}$  and  $\Theta_p = 4 \text{ K}$ ,  $p_{\text{eff}} = 1.89 \mu_B$  according to [79N]. At low temperatures the material orders antiferromagnetically;  $T_N \approx 18 \text{ K}$  [74B],  $< 5 \text{ K}$  [79N]. It appears to be insulating but no detailed data are available.

## References:

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- 74G Gossard, A. C., DiSalvo, F. J., Erich, L. C., Remeika, J. P., Yasuoka, H. Kosuge, K., Kachi, S.: Phys. Rev. B10 (1974) 4178.
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- 79N Nagata, S., Griffing, B. F., Khattak, G. D., Keesom, P. H.: J. Appl. Phys. 50 (1979) 7575.
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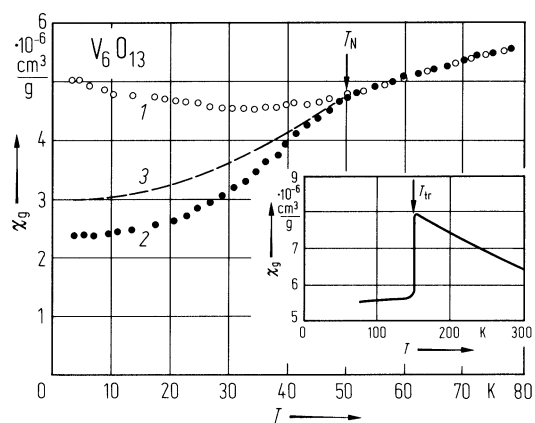
**Fig. 1.**

$\text{V}_6\text{O}_{13}$ . Magnetic susceptibility and relative NMR intensity vs. temperature for polycrystals. The decrease in NMR intensity between 50 and 60 K is associated with the onset of magnetic order and  $T_N \approx 55$  K [74G].  $\chi_g$  in CGS-emu.



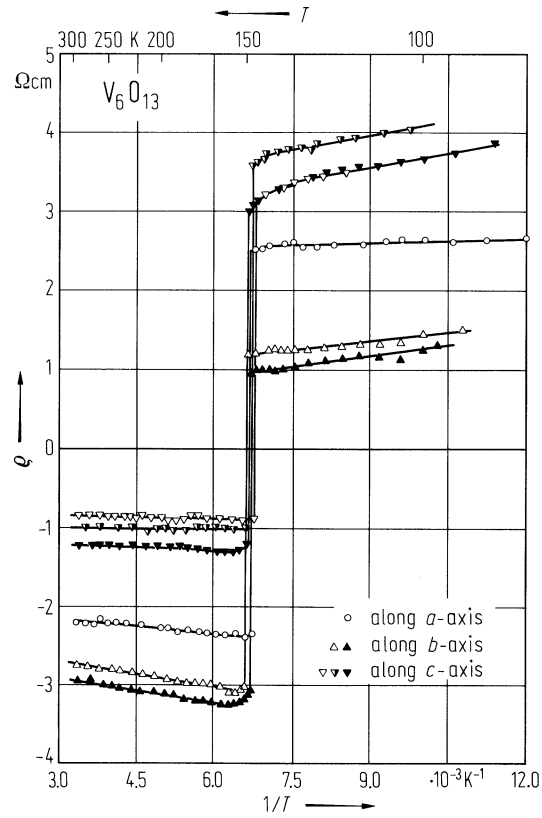
**Fig. 2.**

$\text{V}_6\text{O}_{13}$ . Magnetic susceptibility vs. temperature of a single crystal (1) along the  $a$ -axis, (2) along the  $b$ - axis, (3) along the  $c$ -axis. The inset illustrates the magnetic susceptibility in the temperature range from 77 K to 300 K [76U].  $\chi_g$  in CGS-emu.



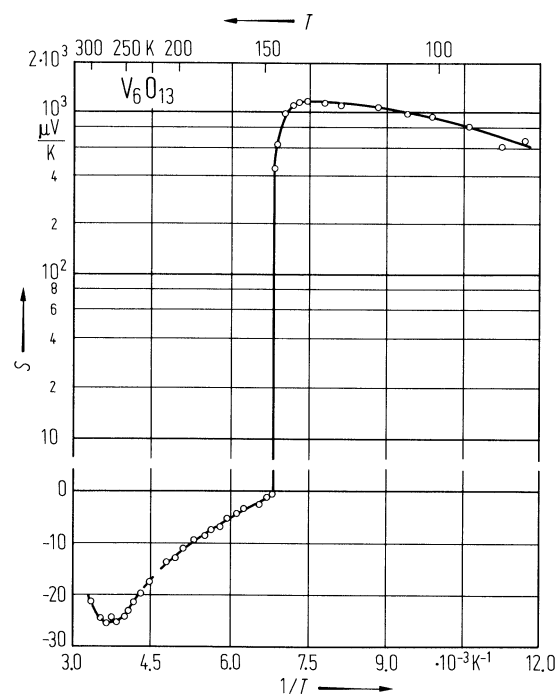
**Fig. 3.**

$\text{V}_6\text{O}_{13}$ . Electrical resistivity vs. (reciprocal) temperature along different crystallographic axes [74K]. Different symbols for different samples.



**Fig. 4.**

$V_6O_{13}$ . Thermoelectric power along  $b$  axis vs. (reciprocal) temperature [74K].



**Fig. 5.**

$V_3O_7$ . Molar magnetic susceptibility vs. temperature [74B]. Orientation not specified.  $\chi_m$  in CGS-emu.

