

substance: EuS

property: crystal structure, physical properties

crystal structure	cubic	(O _h ⁵ – Fm3m)	
lattice parameters			
<i>a</i>	5.968 Å		72W, 79W
	5.9679(1) Å	<i>T</i> = 298.15 K	74M
melting point			
<i>T_m</i>	2831(16) K		72R
	1940 K		81Z
density			
<i>d</i>	5.750 g cm ^{−3}		74M
energy gap			
<i>E_g</i>	≈1.5 eV	4f-cond. band	X-ray spectroscopy
	3.4 eV	val.-cond. band	(K, L _{2,3} -emission, K-absorption)
			Fig. 16
	2.3 eV	3p ⁶ – 5d, 6s trans. (Fig. 12)	75M
	1.65 eV	4f – 5d trans. (Fig. 12)	71G, 72W
<i>dE_g/dp</i>	− 7.9 meV kbar ^{−1}	opt. absorption (4f – 5d) trans.	69W
bulk modulus			
<i>B₀</i>	560(60) kbar		70L
	500(75) kbar	<i>T</i> = 77 K	71S
	610(50) kbar		74J
linear thermal expansion coefficient			
<i>α</i>	14.2·10 ^{−6} K ^{−1}		66D
	12.6·10 ^{−6} K ^{−1}		69L
elastic moduli			
<i>c₁₁</i>	13.1(5)·10 ¹⁰ Pa	<i>T</i> = 77 K	71S,
<i>c₁₂</i>	1.1(8)·10 ¹⁰ Pa	<i>T</i> = 77 K	72S1
<i>c₄₄</i>	2.73(11)·10 ¹⁰ Pa	<i>T</i> = 77 K	
compressibility			
<i>κ</i>	1.1·10 ^{−11} Pa ^{−1}		70L
sound velocity			
<i>v</i> _[100]	4.74·10 ⁵ cm s ^{−1}	<i>T</i> = 77 K	71S
<i>v</i> _[110]	4.09·10 ⁵ cm s ^{−1}	<i>T</i> = 77 K	

Debye temperature

Θ_D	280 K		66D
	276 K		71S
	262 K		63M, 72S1

heat capacity

C_p	50.96 J mol ⁻¹ K ⁻¹		74M
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phonon wavenumbers

$(\nu/c)_{TO}$	178.4 (20) cm ⁻¹		IR measurements; for Raman	69A
	186.5 cm ⁻¹	$T = 2$ K	scattering, see [79S, 80S]	73I
$(\nu/c)_{LO}$	266.5(18) cm ⁻¹			69A
	278 cm ⁻¹	$T = 2$ K		73I

dielectric constant

$\epsilon(0)$	11.1(15)			69A
	11.1			74G
$\epsilon(\infty)$	4.9			68W
	4.7(2)			69A
	4.7			74G

refractive index

n	2.42	at 4f – 5d absorption edge		71G
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f-d transition energies

$E(4f - 5d)$	1.65 eV	edge		71G
$E(4f - 5d)$	2.42 eV	maximum (Fig. 12)		75S

absorption coefficient

K	1.46·10 ⁵ cm ⁻¹	max.4f – 5d trans.		75S
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oscillator strength

f	0.18		oscillator strength of 4f – 5d transitions	71G
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f-d transition width

$W(4f - 5d)$	0.7 eV		width of 4f – 5d transition	71G
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photothreshold

E_{thr}	4 eV		ionization energy (photothreshold)	76M
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work function

ϕ	3.3 eV		work function	76M
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electrical conductivity

σ	$\approx 10^{-9} \Omega^{-1} \text{ cm}^{-1}$	71B
	$6 \dots 60 \Omega^{-1} \text{ cm}^{-1}$	72S2
	$60 \dots 700 \Omega^{-1} \text{ cm}^{-1} \quad T = 4 \text{ K}$	

electron concentration

n	$0.5 \dots 1 \cdot 10^{19} \text{ cm}^{-3}$	72S2
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electron mobility

μ_n	$30 \text{ cm}^2/\text{V s}$	72S2
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Figures and further references:

phase diagram: Fig. 1

lattice parameter vs. temperature: Fig. 2

band structure Figs. 3, 4

density of states: Fig. 12; APW calculation [81F]; MO calculation [81Z]

real and imaginary part of the **dielectric constant:** Figs. 14, 5

absorption spectrum: Fig. 13

photosensitivity: Figs. 6, 15

soft **X-ray emission and absorption spectra:** Fig. 7

X-ray spectroscopy: Fig. 16

bulk and surface states [82M]

temperature dependence of **resistivity:** Fig. 8, temperature dependence of resistivity at different magnetic fields: Fig. 9

electron-magnon interaction [82A]

magnetic field dependence of **Hall coefficient:** Fig. 10

temperature dependence of **mobility:** Fig. 11

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Fig. 1.

EuS, Eu₃S₄. Tentative phase diagram for the Eu – S system determined by X-ray diffraction [74A].

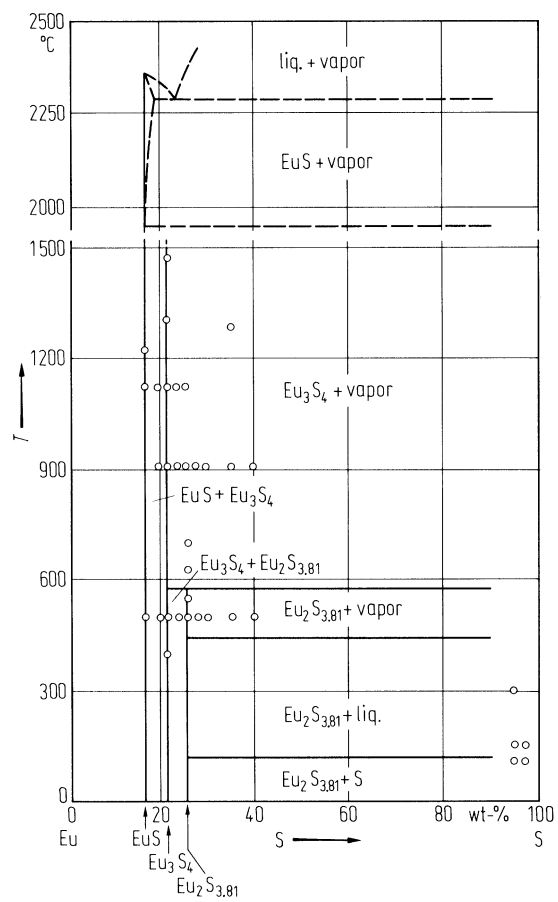


Fig. 2.

EuS. Lattice parameter vs. temperature [69L].

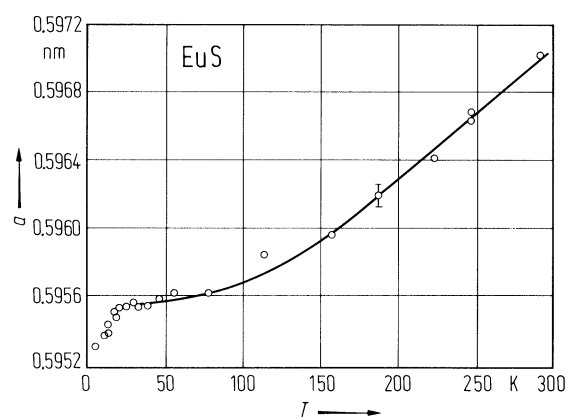
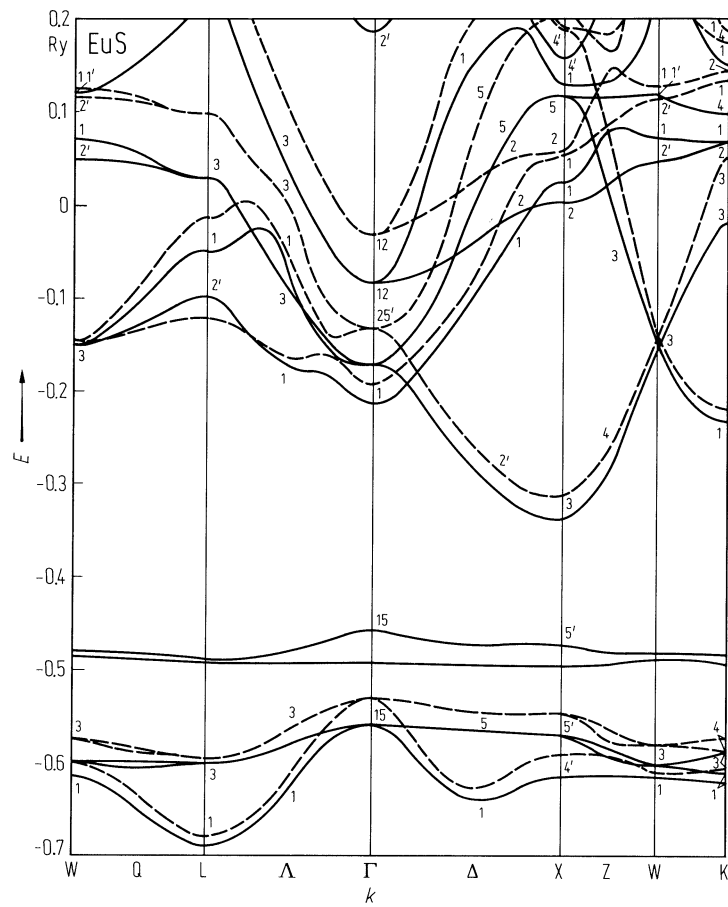


Fig. 3.

EuS. Energy band structure. Solid lines for up-spin electrons, dashed lines for down-spin electrons [70C].



EuS. Spin polarized energy bands: (a) spin-up, (b) spin-down [81F].

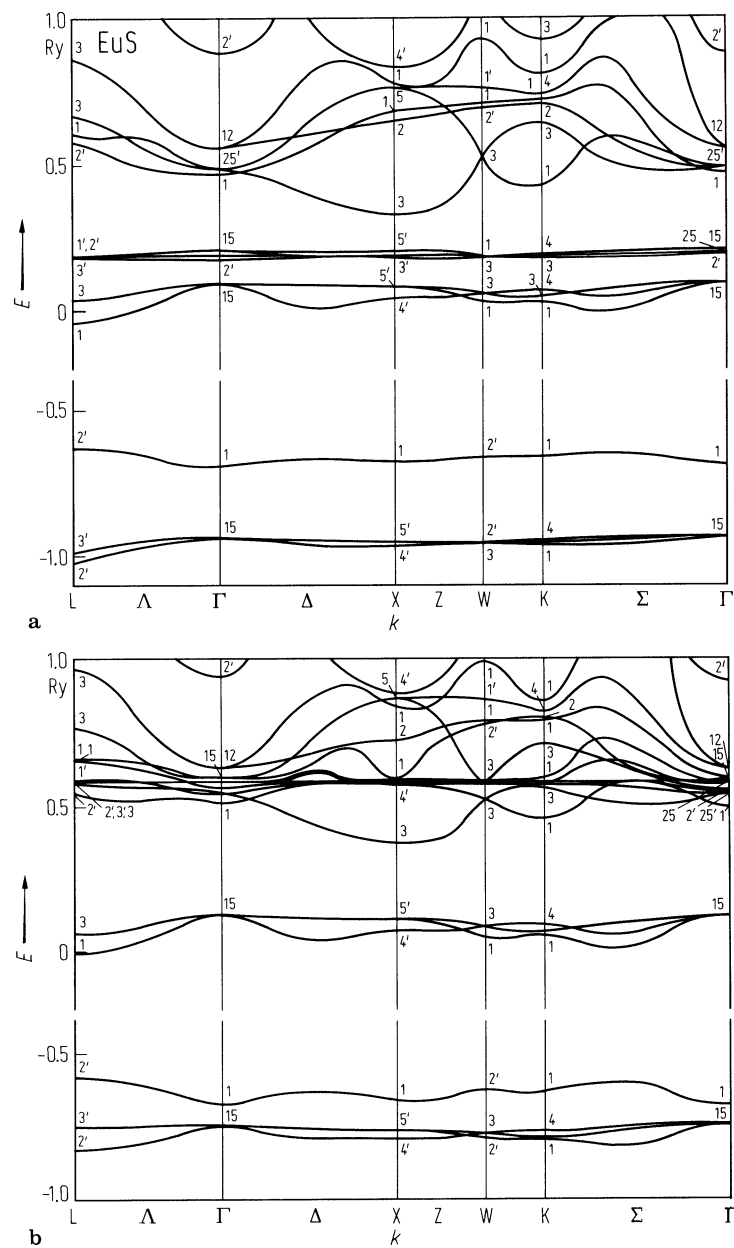


Fig. 5.

Eu-chalcogenides. Imaginary part of the dielectric constant vs. photon energy at 300 K [74G].

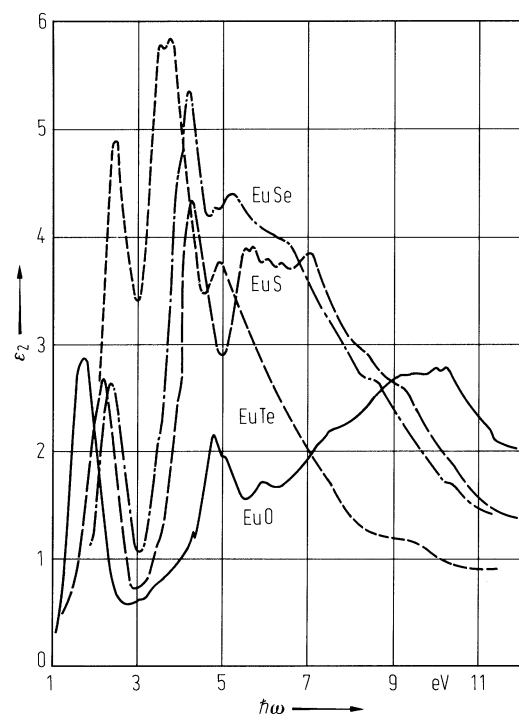


Fig. 6.

EuS. Normalized photosensitivity vs. photon energy for two temperatures. Also shown is the photosensitivity at 6 K for light polarized parallel and perpendicular to the direction of the magnetic field [72W].

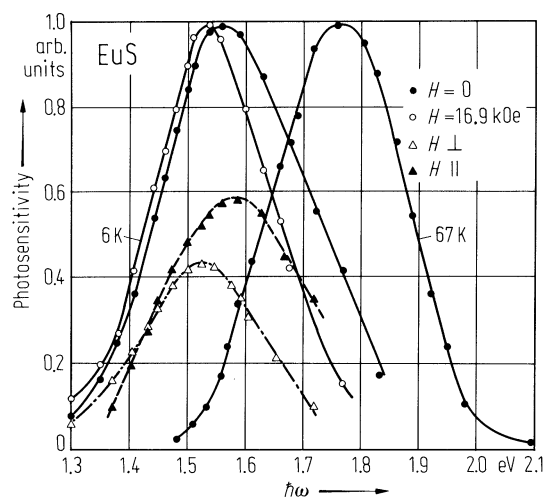


Fig. 7.

EuS. Soft X-ray M_{IV} and M_V emission spectra (optical density (d_{opt}) and emission intensity (I) vs. photon energy) of a thin film ($3d^{10}4f^7 \rightarrow 3d^9 4f^8$) [75M].

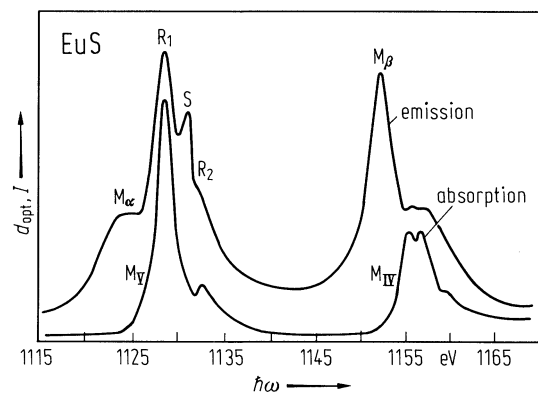


Fig. 8.

EuS. Resistivity vs. temperature. The insert shows the resistivity vs. temperature in a linear scale near the resistivity minimum [72S2].

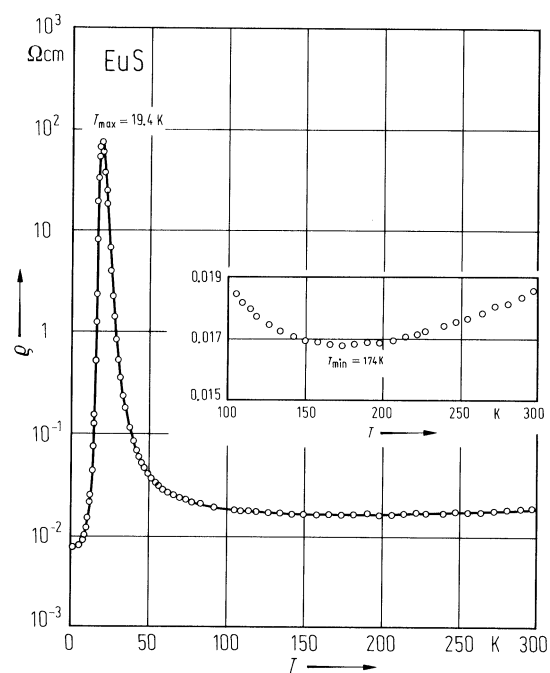


Fig. 9.

EuS. Resistivity vs. temperature at several applied magnetic fields for an Eu-rich sample [72S2].

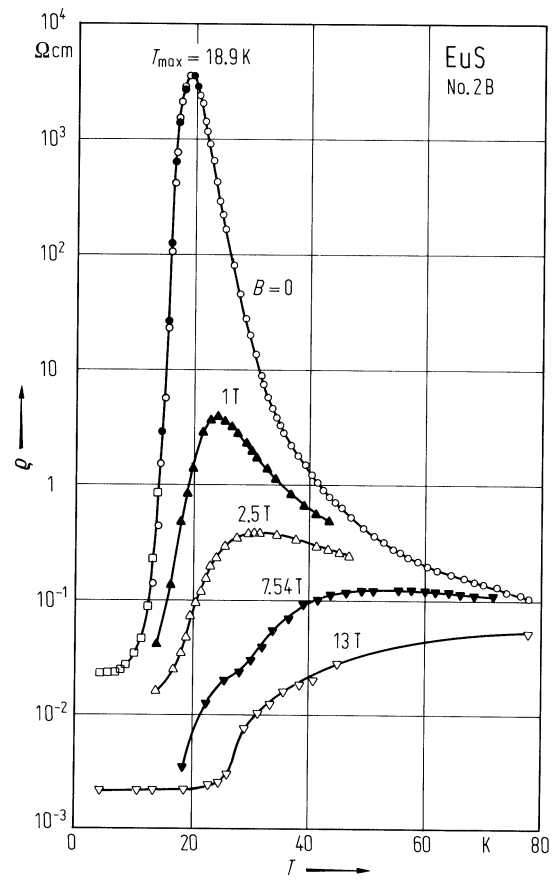


Fig. 10.

EuS. (External) magnetic field dependence of the Hall coefficient for an n-type sample. Charge carrier density is of the order of 10^{19} cm^{-3} . Note the hysteresis at 4.2K [72S2].

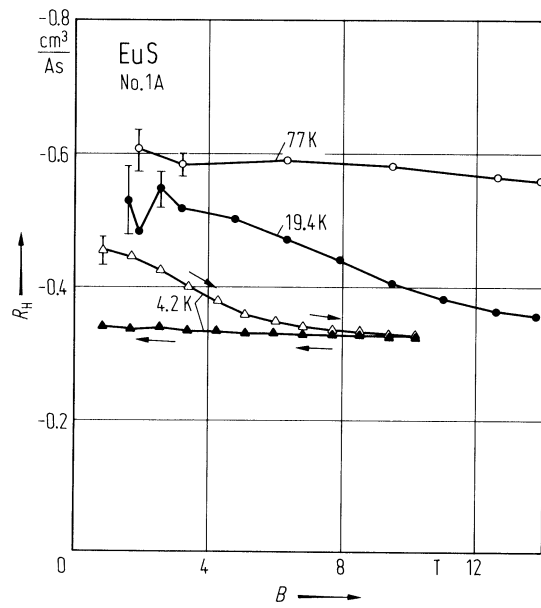


Fig. 11.

EuS. Calculated spin-dependent effective mobility as a function of temperature. The dashed curve gives the Boltzmann result for spin-up electrons in the spin-polarized subband model [83E].

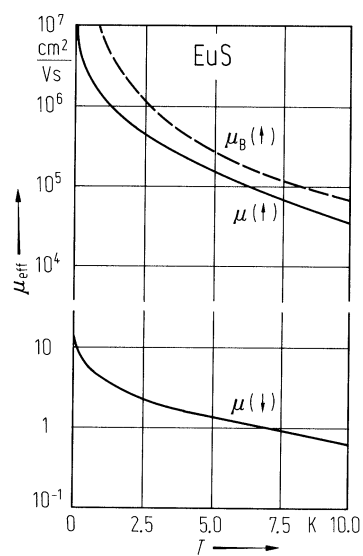


Fig. 12.

Eu-chalcogenides. Schematic density of states [79W].

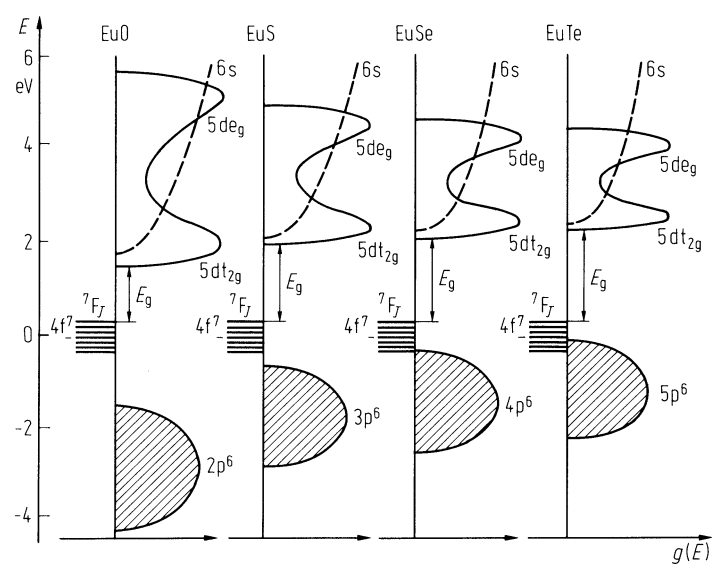


Fig. 13.

Eu-chalcogenides. Absorption coefficient vs. photon energy at 300 K, from reflectivity measurements [74G].

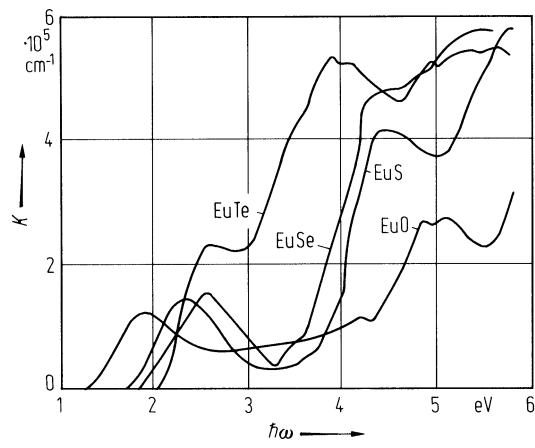


Fig. 14.

Eu-chalcogenides. Real part of the dielectric constant vs. photon energy at 300 K [74G].

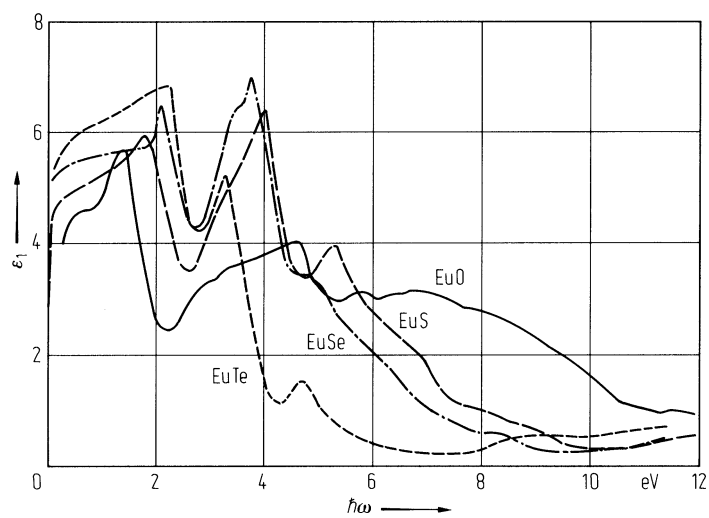


Fig. 15.

Eu-chalcogenides. Photosensitivity (photo current / light intensity) vs. temperature. The exciting wavelength is kept at the maximum of the photo-response [72W].

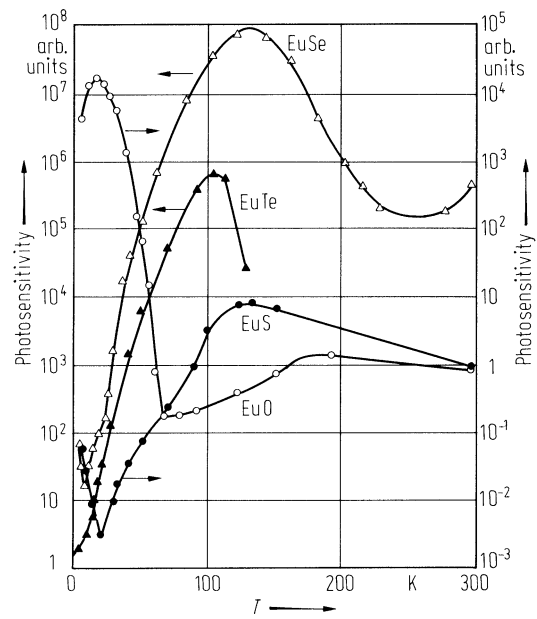


Fig. 16.

RS. X-ray spectra of EuS (semiconductor) and LaS (metal) [82G]. Energy band diagrams for comparison. Energy zero is at E_F for LaS and at the middle of the forbidden energy band for EuS.

