

No. 1A-3 AgNbO₃, Silver niobate*(M* = 248.77)

1a	Dielectric anomaly in AgNbO ₃ , associated with a phase transition, was reported by Francombe et al. ^{a)} in 1958. Ferroelectric activity on phase VI was confirmed by ^{a)} 58Fra Kania et al. ^{b)} in 1984. ^{b)} 84Kan						
b	phase	VI	V	IV	III	II	I
	state	F					
	crystal system	mono-clinic	mono-clinic	mono-clinic	ortho-rhombic	tetra-gonal	cubic 83Luk
	Θ [K]	340	509	609	643	861	83Luk, 87Pis
	$\rho = 6.783 \cdot 10^3 \text{ kg m}^{-3}$.						83Luk
4	Unit cell parameters of pseudocubic cell: Fig. 1A-3-001, Fig. 1A-3-002.						
5a	Dielectric constant: Fig. 1A-3-003; see also 84Kan Effect of pressure on dielectric constant: Fig. 1A-3-004. Effect of pressure on Θ : Fig. 1A-3-005.						
c	Spontaneous polarization: Fig. 1A-3-006.						
6a	Transition heat, transition entropy: Table 1A-3-001.						
10a	Raman scattering: Fig. 1A-3-007; see also 85Fon Raman scattering on AgNbO ₃ and AgTa _{1-x} Nb _x O ₃ : 92Haf						
15	Observation of domain structure: 83Luk, 89Ver						

Table 1A-3-001. AgNbO₃. Transition temperatures Θ , transition heats per mole ΔQ_m and transition entropies per mol ΔS_m [83Luk].

	Θ [K]	ΔQ_m [$\cdot 10^3$ J mol ⁻¹]	ΔS_m [J mol ⁻¹ K ⁻¹]
Ceramics	620	0.39	0.62
	658	0.11	0.16
	858	0.17	0.20
Single crystals (AgCl flux)	620	0.43	0.69
	653	0.11	0.16
	855	0.18	0.21

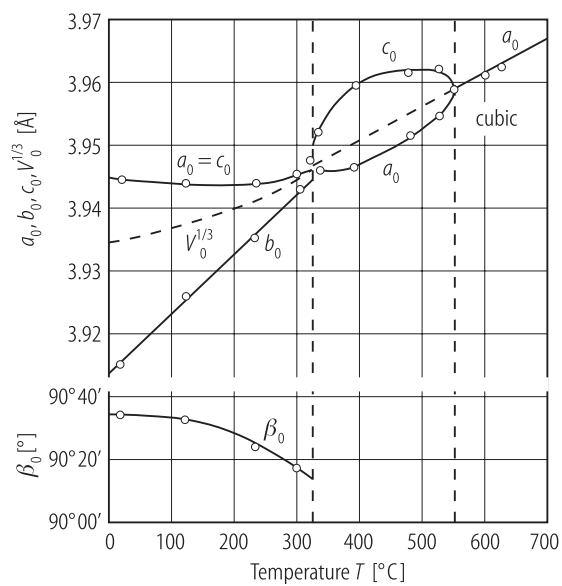


Fig. 1A-3-001. AgNbO_3 . Lattice parameters of pseudocubic cell vs. T [58Fra].

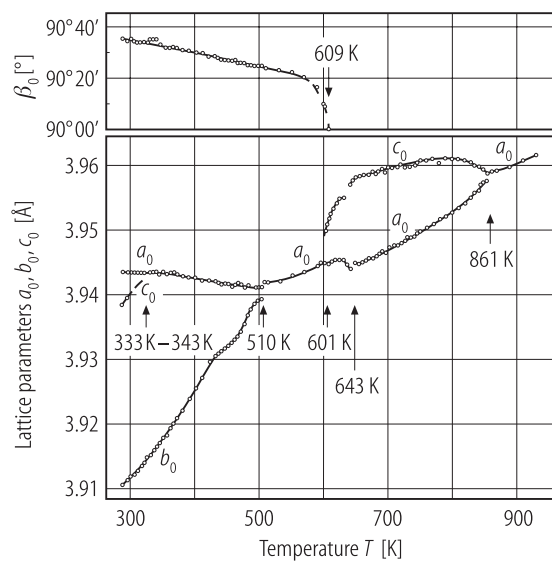


Fig. 1A-3-002. AgNbO₃. Lattice parameters of pseudocubic cell vs. T [83Luk].

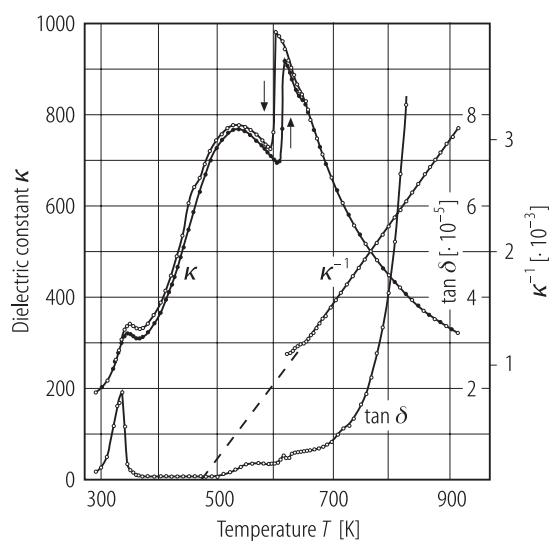


Fig. 1A-3-003. AgNbO₃ (ceramics). κ , κ^{-1} , $\tan \delta$ vs. T [83Luk]. $f = 1$ MHz.

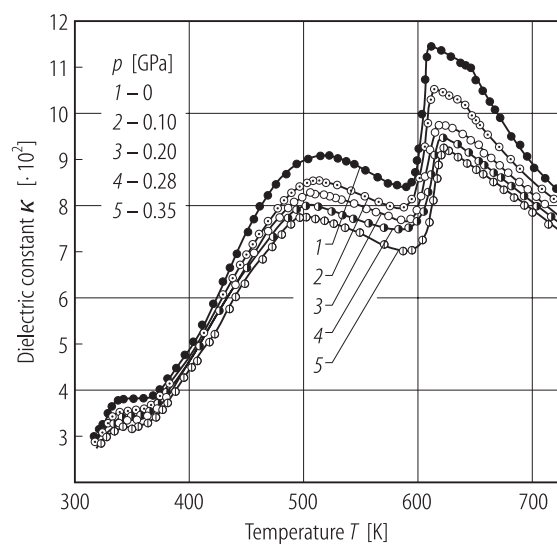


Fig. 1A-3-004. AgNbO_3 (ceramics). κ vs. T [87Pis].
Parameter: $p, f = 1$ MHz.

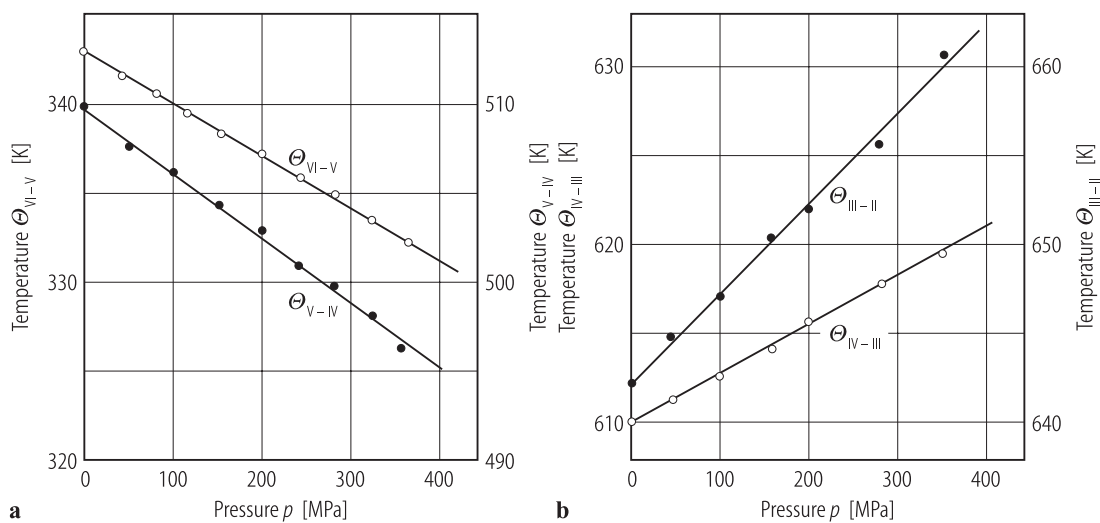


Fig. 1A-3-005. AgNbO_3 (ceramics). Θ_{III-II} , Θ_{IV-III} , Θ_{V-IV} , Θ_{VI-V} vs. p [87Pis]. Transition temperatures were determined by anomalies of κ .

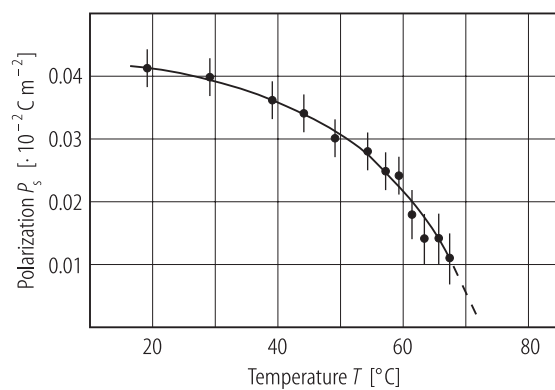


Fig. 1A-3-006. AgNbO₃ (ceramics). P_s vs. T [84Kan].

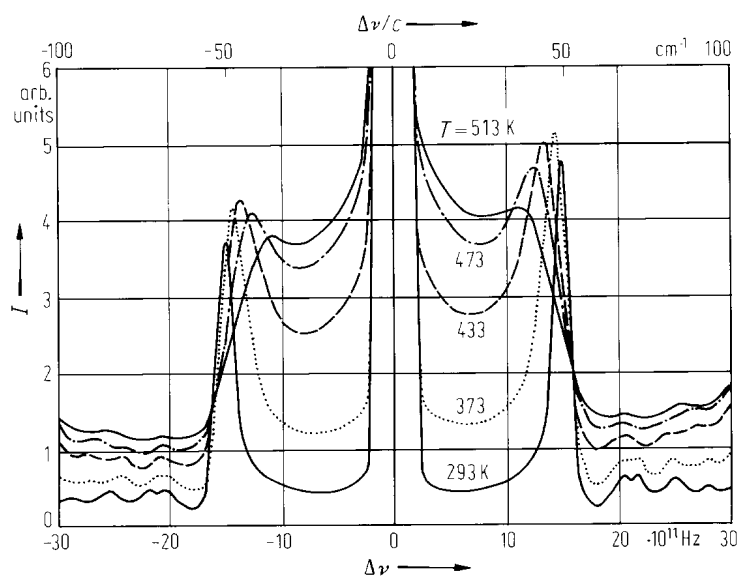


Fig. 1A-3-007. AgNbO_3 (ceramics). I vs. $\Delta\nu$ [86Kan]. I : intensity of Raman scattering. $\Delta\nu$: Raman frequency shift. Parameter: T .

References

- 58Fra Francombe, M.H., Lewis, B.: Acta Crystallogr. **11** (1958) 175.
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85Fon Fontana, M.D., Kugel, G.E., Kania, A., Roleder, K.: Jpn. J. Appl. Phys. **24**, Suppl. 24–2 (1985) 516.
86Kan Kania, A., Roleder, K., Kugel, G.E., Fontana, M.D.: J. Phys. C **19** (1986) 9.
87Pis Pisarski, M., Dmytrow, D.: Ferroelectrics **74** (1987) 87.
89Ver Verwerft, M., Van Tendeloo, G., Van Landuyt, J., Amelinckx, S.: Ferroelectrics **97** (1989) 5.
92Haf Hafid, M., Kugel, D.G.E., Kania, A., Roleder, K., Fontana, M.D.: J. Phys. Condens. Matter **4** (1992) 2333.