

No. 1C-b46 $\text{PbTiO}_3\text{--Pb}(\text{Zn}_{1/3}\text{Nb}_{2/3})\text{O}_3$

1b	Ferroelectric transition temperature: Fig. 1C-b46-001; see also	69Nom
2a	Single crystal growth from molten PbO flux: see	69Nom, 86Cha
	Preparation of ceramics by HIP (hot isostatic pressing) method: see	92Tak
3a	Lattice parameters: Fig. 1C-b46-002, Fig. 1C-b46-003.	
5a	Dielectric constant: Figs. 1C-b46-004...1C-b46-007.	
b	Effect of E_{bias} on dielectric property: Fig. 1C-b46-008.	
c	Spontaneous polarization: Fig. 1C-b46-009.	
d	Pyroelectricity: Fig. 1C-b46-010.	
7a	Electromechanical property: Table 1C-b46-001; Fig. 1C-b46-011, Fig. 1C-b46-012.	
8a	Elastic compliance: Fig. 1C-b46-013.	
9a	Refractive index: Fig. 1C-b46-014.	
b	Electrooptic quadratic effect: Fig. 1C-b46-015, Fig. 1C-b46-016.	
16	Optical observation of domains: see	90Kat

Table 1C-b46-001. 0.91 Pb(Zn_{1/3}Nb_{2/3})O₃·0.09 PbTiO₃ (crystal). Electromechanical properties [82Kuw].

Poling and field direction	[111]				[001]			
Length direction	$[\bar{1}\bar{1}0]$		[111]		$[\bar{1}\bar{1}0]$		[001]	
Phase	R	T	R	T	R	T	R	T
s^E [$\cdot 10^{-11} \text{ m}^2 \text{ N}^{-1}$]	1.80	1.55	1.36	1.03	3.69	1.77	14.30	5.60
s^D [$\cdot 10^{-11} \text{ m}^2 \text{ N}^{-1}$]	1.71	1.39	0.76	0.73	2.26	1.36	2.18	1.76
d [$\cdot 10^{-12} \text{ C N}^{-1}$]	−194	−352	480	450	−493	−266	1570	795
k	0.23	0.32	0.68	0.53	0.62	0.48	0.92	0.83
κ^T			4100	8200			2200	1880
κ^S			2200	—			295	570
Notation in original paper	[111] \perp		[111] \parallel		[001] \perp		[001] \parallel	

R: At 25°C in rhombohedral phase ($P_s = 0.52 \text{ C m}^{-2}$).

T: At 130°C in tetragonal phase ($P_s = 0.30 \text{ C m}^{-2}$). Directions are referred to pseudocubic axes.

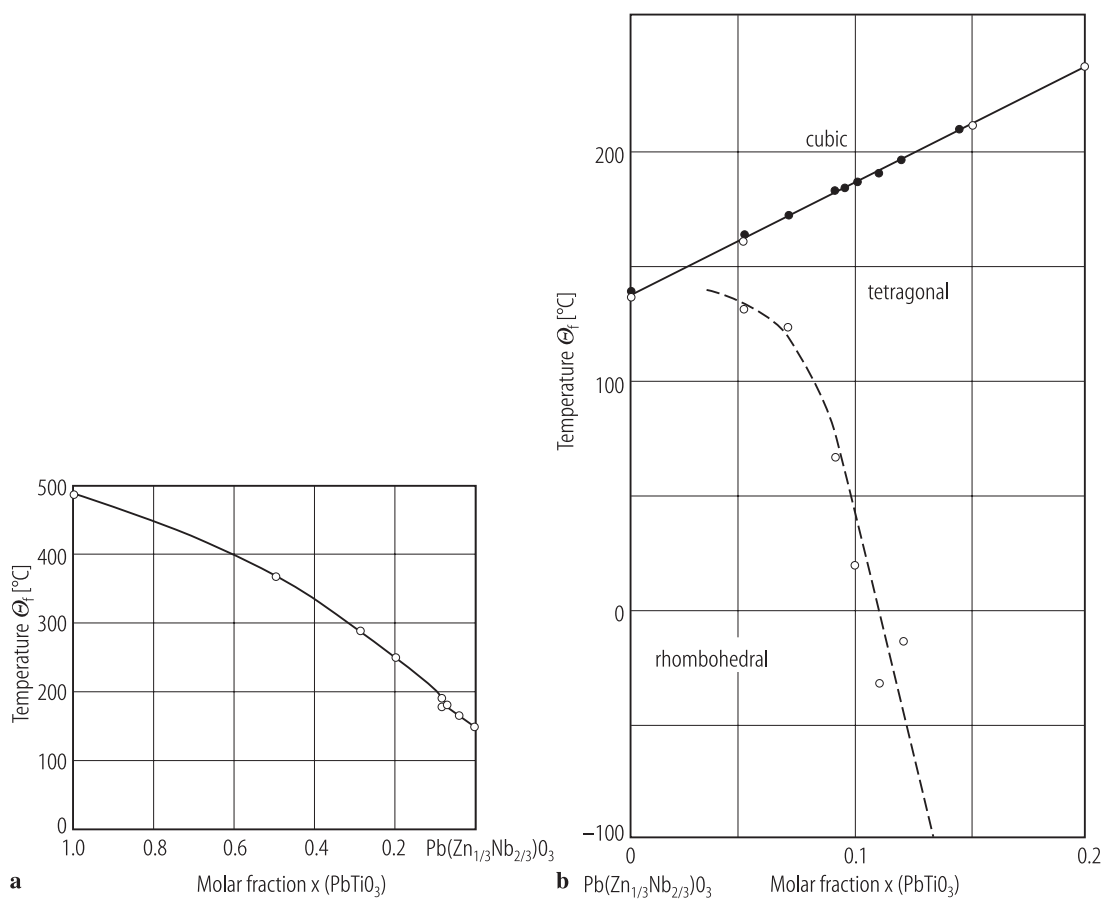


Fig. 1C-b46-001. $(1-x)\text{Pb}(\text{Zn}_{1/3}\text{Nb}_{2/3})\text{O}_3 \cdot x \text{PbTiO}_3$. Θ_f vs. x . **(a)** $0 \leq x \leq 1.0$ [69Nom], **(b)** $0 \leq x \leq 0.2$ [81Kuw].

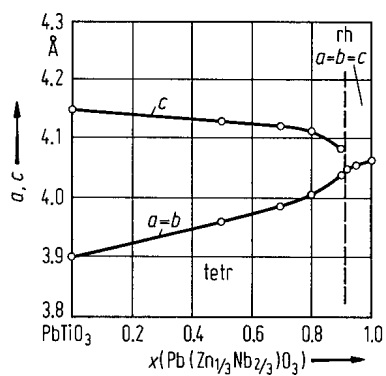


Fig. 1C-b46-002. $(1-x)\text{PbTiO}_3 \cdot x \text{Pb}(\text{Zn}_{1/3}\text{Nb}_{2/3})\text{O}_3$. a , c vs. x [69Nom].

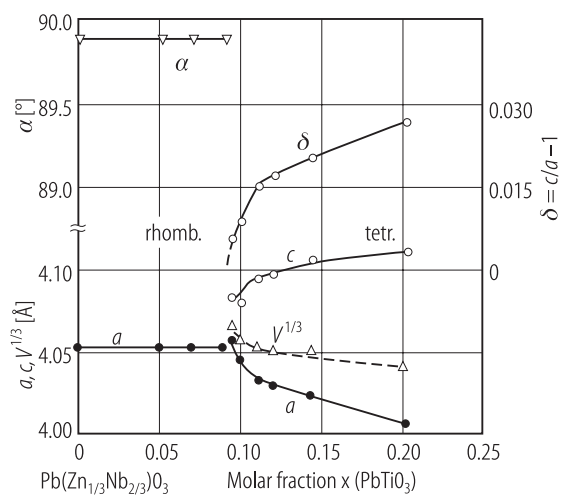


Fig. 1C-b46-003. $(1-x)\text{Pb}(\text{Zn}_{1/3}\text{Nb}_{2/3})\text{O}_3 \cdot x \text{PbTiO}_3$. a , c , α , δ , $V^{1/3}$ vs. x [81Kuw]. $\delta = c/a - 1$.

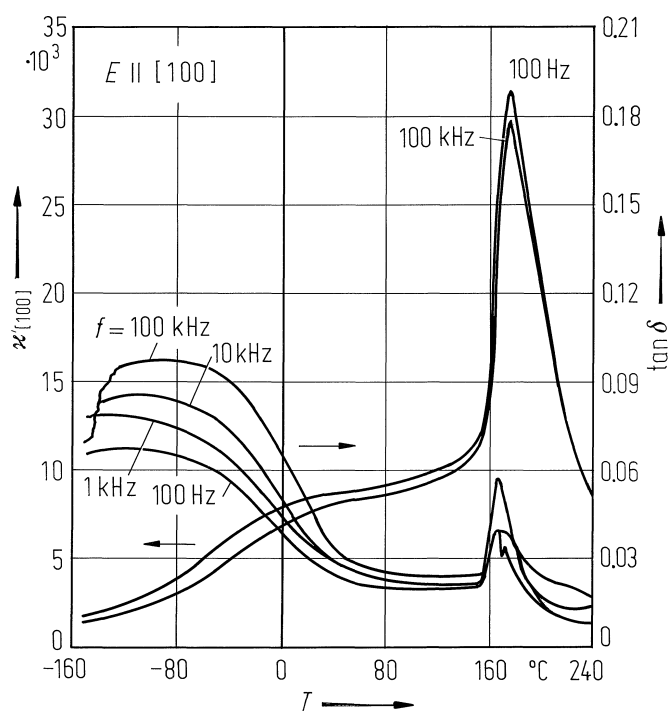


Fig. 1C-b46-004. $\text{Pb}[(\text{Zn}_{1/3}\text{Nb}_{2/3})_{0.9}\text{Ti}_{0.1}]\text{O}_3$. κ' , $\tan \delta$ vs. T [86Cha]. Parameter: f . κ' : κ along the pseudocubic [100] direction of unpoled specimen.

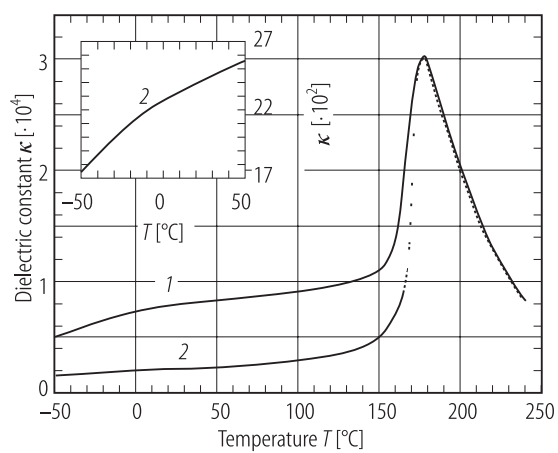


Fig. 1C-b46-005. $\text{Pb}[(\text{Zn}_{1/3}\text{Nb}_{2/3})_{0.9}\text{Ti}_{0.1}]\text{O}_3$. κ vs. T [86Cha]. Curve 1: unpoled, 2: poled. Poling direction: [100]. $f = 1$ kHz.

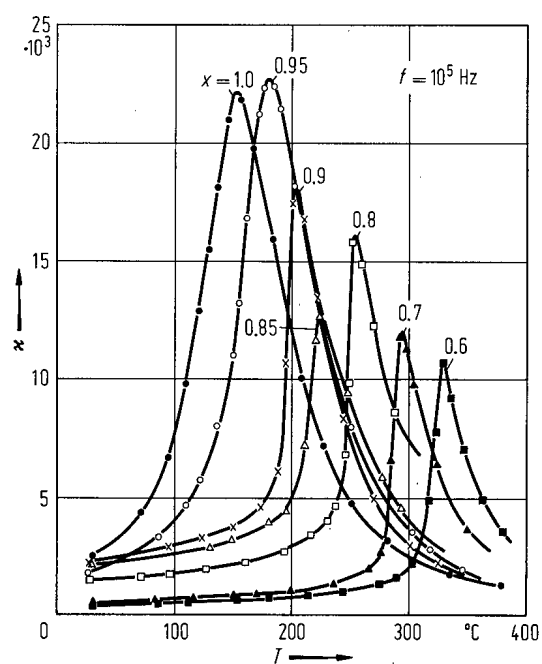


Fig. 1C-b46-006. $(1-x)\text{PbTiO}_3 \cdot x\text{Pb}(\text{Zn}_{1/3}\text{Nb}_{2/3})\text{O}_3$. κ vs. T [73Nom]. Parameter: x . $f = 10^5 \text{ Hz}$.

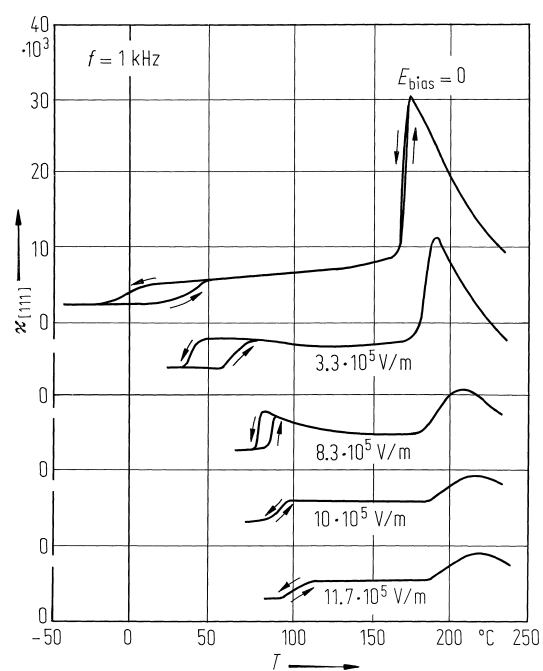


Fig. 1C-b46-007. $\text{Pb}[(\text{Zn}_{1/3}\text{Nb}_{2/3})_{0.91}\text{Ti}_{0.09}]\text{O}_3$. $\kappa_{[111]}$ vs. T [82Kuw]. Parameter: E_{bias} .

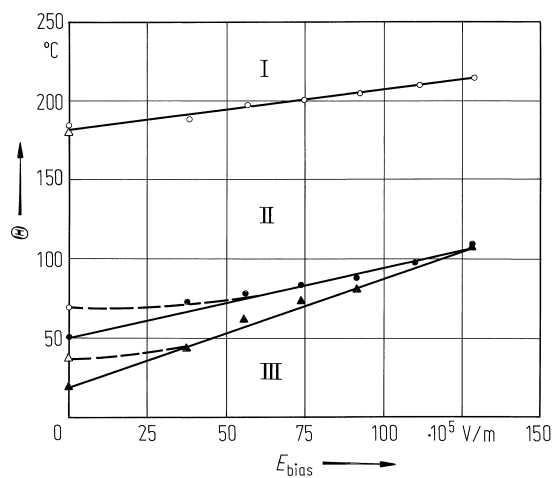


Fig. 1C-b46-008. $\text{Pb}[(\text{Zn}_{1/3}\text{Nb}_{2/3})_{0.91}\text{Ti}_{0.09}]\text{O}_3$. Θ vs. E_{bias} [82Kuw]. E_{bias} is applied along [111] direction. Open and solid symbols at $E_{\text{bias}} = 0$ refer to poled and unpoled states, respectively. Solid circles: heating, solid triangles: cooling.

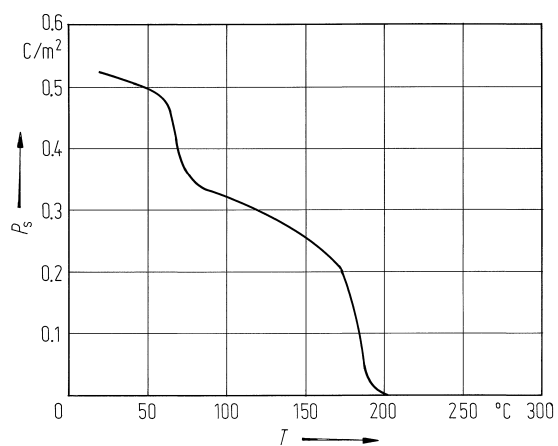


Fig. 1C-b46-009. $\text{Pb}[(\text{Zn}_{1/3}\text{Nb}_{2/3})_{0.91}\text{Ti}_{0.09}]\text{O}_3$. P_s vs. T [82Kuw]. P_s : spontaneous polarization along pseudocubic [111] direction.

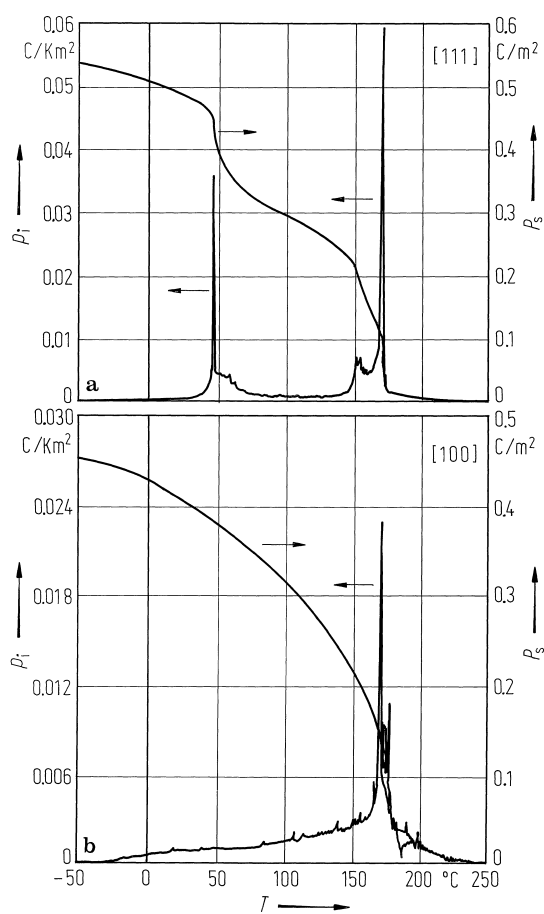


Fig. 1C-b46-010. $\text{Pb}[(\text{Zn}_{1/3}\text{Nb}_{2/3})_{0.9}\text{Ti}_{0.1}]\text{O}_3$. P_s , p_i vs. T [86Cha]. (a): pseudocubic [111] axis, (b): pseudocubic [100] axis.

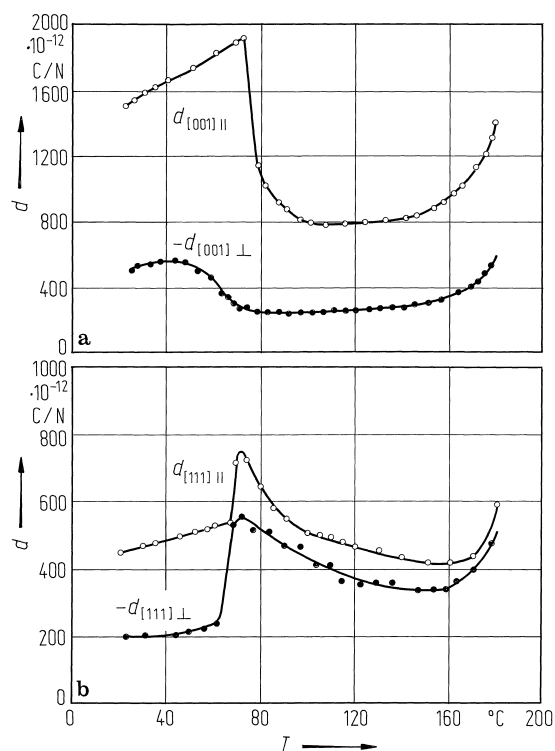


Fig. 1C-b46-011. $\text{Pb}[(\text{Zn}_{1/3}\text{Nb}_{2/3})_{0.91}\text{Ti}_{0.09}]\text{O}_3$. d vs. T [82Kuw]. d : piezoelectric constant (for notations of d see Table 1C-b46-001).

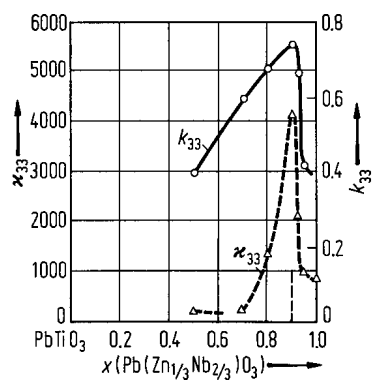


Fig. 1C-b46-012. $(1-x)\text{PbTiO}_3 \cdot x \text{Pb}(\text{Zn}_{1/3}\text{Nb}_{2/3})\text{O}_3$. κ_{33} , k_{33} vs. x [69Yon]. κ at $f = 1$ kHz. k_{33} : electromechanical coupling coefficient.

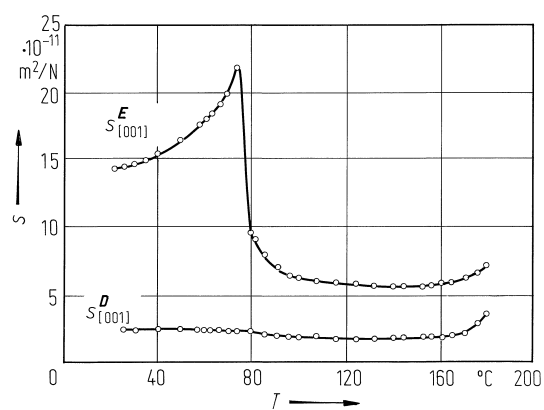


Fig. 1C-b46-013. $\text{Pb}[(\text{Zn}_{1/3}\text{Nb}_{2/3})_{0.91}\text{Ti}_{0.09}]\text{O}_3$. s vs. T [82Kuw]. s : elastic compliance (see Table 1C-b46-001).

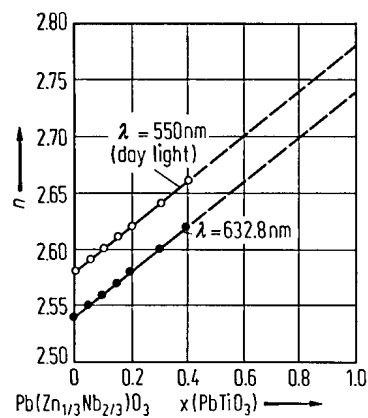


Fig. 1C-b46-014. $(1-x)\text{Pb}(\text{Zn}_{1/3}\text{Nb}_{2/3})\text{O}_3 \cdot x \text{PbTiO}_3$. n vs. x [73Nom]. Parameter: λ .

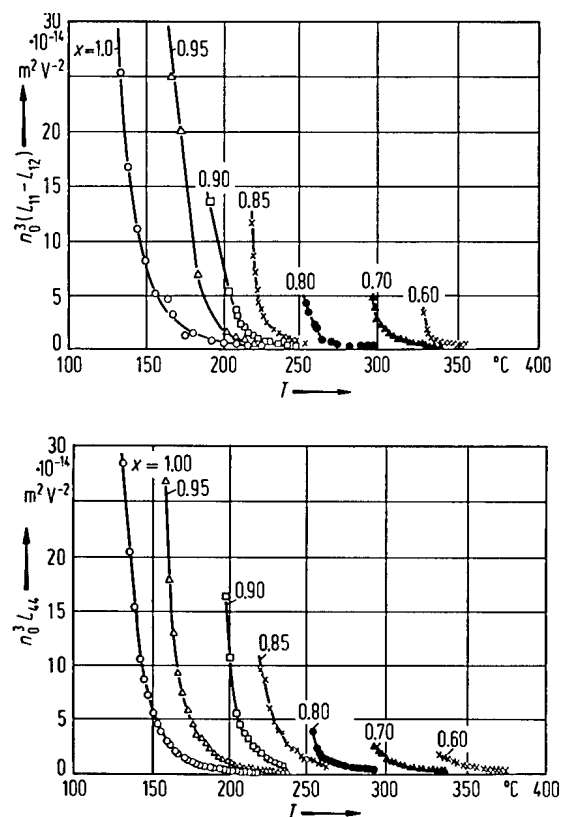


Fig. 1C-b46-015. $(1-x)\text{PbTiO}_3 \cdot x \text{Pb}(\text{Zn}_{1/3}\text{Nb}_{2/3})\text{O}_3$. $n_o^3 L_{44}$, $n_o^3 (L_{11} - L_{12})$ vs. T [73Nom]. Parameter: x . $\lambda = 632.8 \text{ nm}$.

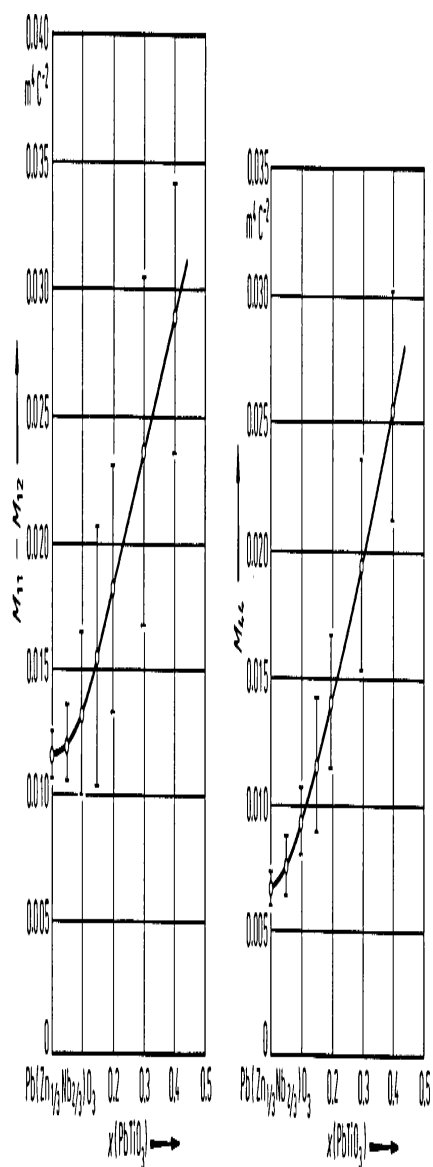


Fig. 1C-b46-016. $(1-x)\text{Pb}(\text{Zn}_{1/3}\text{Nb}_{2/3})\text{O}_3 \cdot x\text{PbTiO}_3$.
 $M_{11} - M_{12}$, M_{44} vs. x [73Nom]. $\lambda = 632.8 \text{ nm}$.

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