
No. 1C-c33 PbTiO₃–PbZrO₃–Pb(Cd_{1/2}W_{1/2})O₃

1b Phase diagram: Fig. 1C-c33-001.

5a Dielectric constant: Fig. 1C-c33-002, Fig. 1C-c33-003; see also

84Kon

c Spontaneous polarization and coercive field: Fig. 1C-c33-004.

8a Acoustic surface wave: Pb[Ti_{0.52}Zr_{0.46}(Cd_{1/2}W_{1/2})_{0.02}]O₃ (ceramics with 0.8 wt % MnO₂ additives). $v_s = 2280 \text{ ms}^{-1}$ (v_s : surface sound velocity). $k_s^2 = 0.023$ (k^2 = electromechanical coupling factor), $\alpha_s = 6 \cdot 10^2 \text{ dBm}^{-1}$ at 30 MHz and $14 \cdot 10^2 \text{ dBm}^{-1}$ at 60 MHz (α : acoustic absorption coefficient). Temperature coefficient of delay time: see

76Iwa

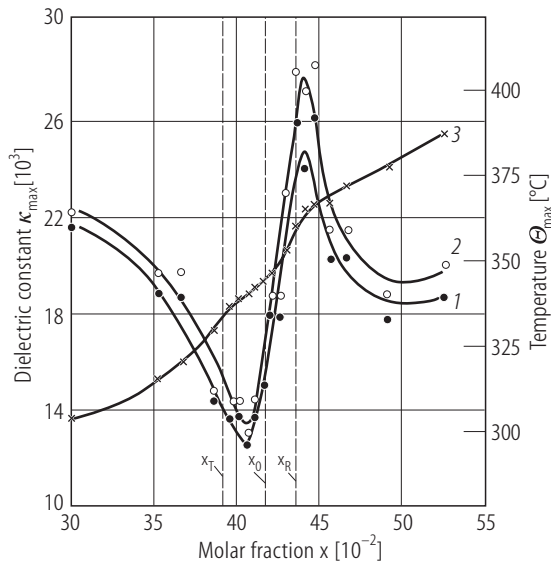


Fig. 1C-c33-001. $x \text{ PbTiO}_3 \cdot (0.9-x) \text{ PbZrO}_3 \cdot 0.1 \text{ Pb(W}_{1/2}\text{Cd}_{1/2})\text{O}_3$ (ceramics). κ_{max} , Θ_{max} vs. x [85Kwa]. Θ_{max} : temperature of the maximum dielectric constant κ_{max} . Curve 1: κ_{max} heating. Curve 2: κ_{max} cooling. Curve 3: Θ_{max} . x_{T} and x_{R} are the boundaries of stability of tetragonal and rhombohedral ferroelectric phases, respectively. x_0 is the point corresponding to the same content of both ferroelectric phases.

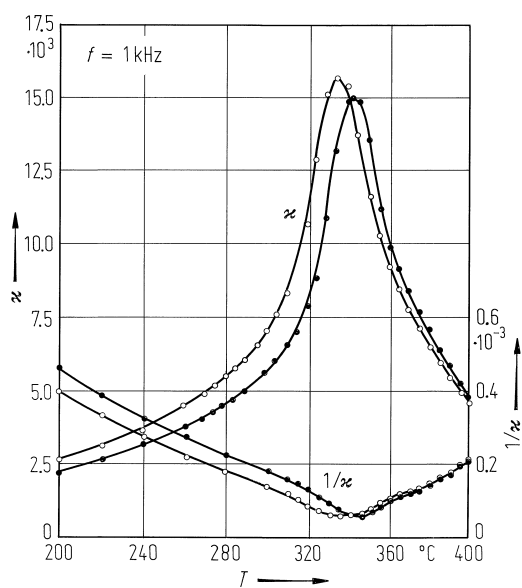


Fig. 1C-c33-002. 0.415 PbTiO₃·0.485 PbZrO₃·0.1 Pb(Cd_{1/2}W_{1/2})O₃ (ceramics). κ , κ^{-1} vs. T [85Kwa]. Full circles: heating, open circles: cooling. $f = 1$ kHz.

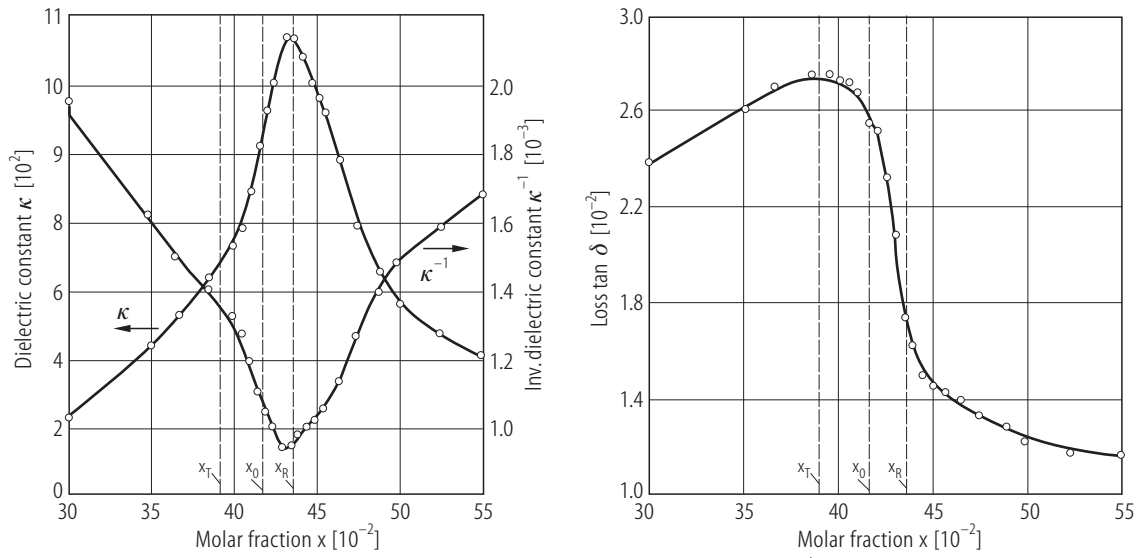


Fig. 1C-c33-003. x $\text{PbTiO}_3 \cdot (0.9-x) \text{PbZrO}_3 \cdot 0.1 \text{Pb}(\text{W}_{1/2}\text{Cd}_{1/2})\text{O}_3$ (ceramics). κ , κ^{-1} , $\tan \delta$ vs. x [85Kwa]. $f = 1$ kHz. $T = \text{RT}$. x_T and x_R are the boundaries of stability of tetragonal and rhombohedral ferroelectric phases, respectively. x_0 is the point corresponding to the same content of both ferroelectric phases.

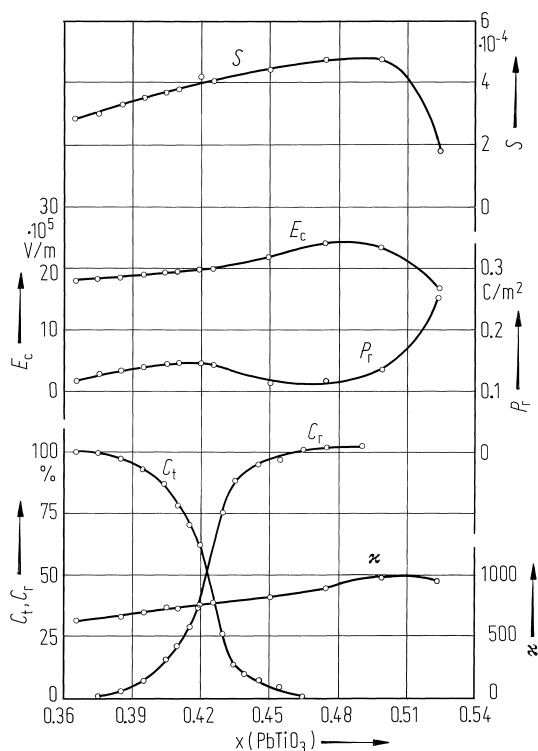


Fig. 1C-c33-004. $x \text{ PbTiO}_3 \cdot (0.9-x) \text{ PbZrO}_3 \cdot 0.1 \text{ Pb}(\text{Cd}_{1/2}\text{W}_{1/2})\text{O}_3$ (ceramics). C_t , C_r , κ , E_c , P_r , S vs. x [84Kon]. C_t , C_r : concentration of tetragonal and rhombohedral phases. S : strain. $T = 20^\circ\text{C}$.

References

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