

Target isotope: $^{58}_{28}\text{Ni}$ $I^\pi_\circ = 0^+$ Abundance: 68.077(9) % $Q_\alpha = 3369(10)$ keV $^{62}_{30}\text{Zn}(\alpha)$

E_\circ	J^π	T	E^*_{analog}	E_{cm}	E^*	Ref.
[keV]			[keV]	[keV]	[keV]	
6400				5990	9360	77Gr03
6780				6340	9710	77Gr03

Additional data on this isotope can be found in [02KaZV].

Values E_{cm} and E^* are estimated from the mentioned in [77Gr03] maxima in the (α, p) yield.

Target isotope: $^{63}_{29}\text{Cu}$ $I^\pi_\circ = 3/2^-$ Abundance: 69.17(3) % $S_p = 7712.33(86)$ keV $^{64}_{30}\text{Zn}(p)$

E_\circ	J^π	T	Γ_p	Γ	E^*_{analog}	S_{pp}	E_{cm}	$\omega\Gamma_\alpha\Gamma_{p_\circ}/\Gamma$	E^*	Ref.
[keV]			[keV]	[keV]	[keV]		[keV]		[keV]	
3217*	$\langle 3^- \rangle$				1546			0.03(1)	10879.1(9)	76Fo06
3251*	$\langle 3^- \rangle$				1589			0.04(1)	10912.5(9)	76Fo06

* Two pronounced resonance-like structures separated by 34 keV appear at these bombarding proton energies in the excitation function [76Fo06]. Their positions are in agreement with the calculated positions of the expected $g_{9/2}$ analogue resonances. Partial radiative widths of transitions to the low-lying levels were measured. They are given in the next Table.

Strengths $S_{\alpha p} = \omega\Gamma_\alpha\Gamma_{p_\circ}/\Gamma$ are measured in the reaction $^{60}\text{Ni}(\alpha, p_\circ)^{63}\text{Cu}$ and correspond to maxima in the yield.

In [77Gr03] in the analogous reaction $^{58}\text{Ni}(\alpha, p_\circ)^{61}\text{Cu}$ the α -strength concentration among a relatively small number of states of ^{62}Zn was observed as a maximum in the excitation function at α -particle bombarding energy $E_\circ = 6700$ keV corresponding to the excitation of compound nucleus $E^* = 9590$ keV.

Branching ratios of γ -transitions [76Fo06, 80Er08, 02Nu0A]. Part 1. $^{64}_{30}\text{Zn}(p)$

E^*	J^π	E_\circ	Branching ratios										Com.
[keV]		[keV]	Percentage										
		0 0 ⁺	992 2 ⁺	1800 2 ⁺	1910 0 ⁺	2308 4 ⁺	2737 4 ⁺	2794 2 ⁺	2980 3 ⁺	2999 3 ⁻	3074 $\langle 3^- \rangle$	3199	E^* , keV J^π_f
991.55(5)	2 ⁺	1000(71)											
1799.35(5)	2 ⁺	96(10)	288(21)										
1910.31(6)	0 ⁺		34(3)										
2306.71(8)	4 ⁺		140(10)										
2609.43(15)	0 ⁺		22(2)										
2736.53(8)	4 ⁺			50(4)		7(1)							
2793.8(3)	2 ⁺		29(10)										

(continued)

 $^{64}_{30}\text{Zn}(\text{p})$

E^*	J^π	E_o	Branching ratios										Com.
[keV]		[keV]	Percentage										
			0 0 ⁺	992 2 ⁺	1800 2 ⁺	1910 0 ⁺	2308 4 ⁺	2737 4 ⁺	2794 2 ⁺	2980 3 ⁺	2999 3 ⁻	3074 $\langle 3^- \rangle$	3199 $E^*, \text{ keV}$ J^π_f
2979.79(9)	3 ⁺			23(2)	27(2)								
2998.38(18)	3 ⁻			47(4)									
3005.69(13)	2 ⁺	13(2)	18(2)	14(1)									
3071.2(7)	$\langle 1, 2^+ \rangle$												
3077.77(11)	$\langle 4^+ \rangle$			17(1)			12(1)	4(1)					
3094.58(15)	3 ⁺ , 2 ⁺			29(2)	x								
3186.78(10)	1 ⁺			13(1)	11(1)	8(1)							
3196.8(4)	$\langle 2, 3 \rangle$			4(1)	5(1)								
3205.91(10)	$\langle 3^+ \rangle$				34(3)	x	4(1)						
3240(20)	$\langle 0^+ \rangle$												
3261.99(10)	1			15(1)	x								
3285													
3297.18(15)	$\langle 2^+ \rangle$			24(2)									
3306.85(17)	$\langle 4^+ \rangle$						18(2)						
3321.8(12)	$\langle 1 \rangle$												
3365.95(7)	1 ⁺	16(2)	7(1)	4(1)	2(1)								
3369.82(14)	3 ⁺		8(2)	16(1)			4(1)						
3415													
3425.15(11)	1 ⁺	21(2)		15(1)									
3452.3(10)	$\langle 1, 2^+ \rangle$												
3458.52(17)	$\langle 2, 3 \rangle$		13(1)	9(1)									
3547.0(2)	$\langle \leq 3 \rangle$			$\langle 21 \rangle$									
3552.3(3)	4 ⁺												
3587(2)													
3597.2(2)	$\langle 2-4 \rangle$						7(1)	4(1)					
3701.4(4)	1 ⁻	18(2)											
3718.4(3)			15(2)										
3795.25(18)	1 ⁺			7(1)									
3819.6(2)				$\langle 10 \rangle$									
3853.3(2)	5 ⁺						7(1)						
3898.5(4)	2 ⁺ , 3, 4 ⁺		15(2)				3(1)						
4020.4(4)	$\langle 2^+, 3^+ \rangle$		5(1)				5(1)						
10879.1(9)	$\langle 3^- \rangle$	3217	$\langle 1 \rangle$ 4	19 46	9 23		5 11	8 19	9 23	5 12	14 34	6 15	5 12 $\Gamma^i_\gamma, \text{ meV}$

(continued)													$^{64}_{30}\text{Zn}(\text{p})$
E^*	J^π	E_o	Branching ratios										Com.
[keV]		[keV]	Percentage										
			0 0 ⁺	992 2 ⁺	1800 2 ⁺	1910 0 ⁺	2308 4 ⁺	2737 4 ⁺	2794 2 ⁺	2980 3 ⁺	2999 3 ⁻	3074 <3 ⁻ >	3199 4 $E^*, \text{ keV}$ J^π_{f}
10912.5(9)	<3 ⁻ >	3251	<1> 6	26 92	10 36		4 13	3 11	5 19	3 9	15 54	5 17	4 13 $\Gamma^i_\gamma, \text{ meV}$

Additional data on this isotope can be found in [86Sz04, 80Er08, 02Nu0A].

γ -ray spectra following (p, γ) reaction with the proton energy about 2 MeV were used to study transitions between the low-lying levels; relative intensities given in the table are normalized by $I_\gamma=1000$ for $E_\gamma=991$ keV.

Branching ratios from the resonances at $E_o=3217$ keV and 3251 keV [76Fo06] are presented at the bottom of the table.

Partial radiative widths [76Fo06] are given in the second line after the branching ratios.

Branching ratios of γ -transitions [76Fo06]. Part 2.													$^{64}_{30}\text{Zn}(\text{p})$
E^*	J^π	E_o	Branching ratios										Com.
[keV]		[keV]	Percentage										
			3285	3360	3415	3681	3760	3845	3854	4154	4305	4365	4684 $E^*, \text{ keV}$ J^π_{f}
10879.1(9)	<3 ⁻ >	3217		2 6	4 11	3 7	2 4			3 7	5 12		$\Gamma^i_\gamma, \text{ meV}$
10912.5(9)	<3 ⁻ >	3251	3 11					3 12	3 11	5 15	4 12	3 13	2 7 $\Gamma^i_\gamma, \text{ meV}$

Partial radiative widths [76Fo06] are given in the second line after the branching ratios.

Target isotope: $^{65}_{29}\text{Cu}$ $I^\pi_\text{o} = 3/2^-$ Abundance: 30.83(3) % $S_\text{p} = 8925.5(12)$ keV									$^{66}_{30}\text{Zn}(\text{p})$
E_o	J^π	T	Γ_p	Γ	E^*_analog	S_pp	E_cm	E^*	Ref.
[keV]			[keV]	[keV]	[keV]		[keV]	[keV]	
2506(10)							2468	11394	67Co04 80Er08
2523(10)							2485	11410	67Co04
2569(10)				30(5)			2530	11456	67Co04 doublt
2627(10)				15(5)			2587	11513	67Co04
2707(10)				30(5)			2666	11592	67Co04 doublt
2769(10)				12(5)	272		2727	11653	67Co04
2814(10)				17(5)			2771	11697	67Co04

(continued)

 $^{66}_{30}\text{Zn}(\text{p})$

E_o	J^π	T	Γ_p	Γ	E^*_{analog}	S_{pp}	E_{cm}	E^*	Ref.
[keV]			[keV]	[keV]	[keV]		[keV]	[keV]	
2875(10)	[2 ⁺]		0.60	20(5)	383		2831	11757	67Co04 83Sa15 66Ha16
2960(10)	[2 ⁺]		0.88	26(5)	462		2915	11841	67Co04 83Sa15 66Ha16
3035(10)				25(5)			2989	11915	67Co04
3318(10)							⟨3268⟩	12193	67Co04
3334(10)	[2 ⁺]		0.96	21(5)	819		3283	12209	67Co04 83Sa15 66Ha16
3418(10)				14(5)			3366	12292	67Co04
3450(10)				17(5)			3398	12323	67Co04
3533(10)	[1 ⁺]		1.14	16(5)	1015		3479	12405	67Co04 83Sa15 66Ha16
3560(10)	[2 ⁺]		1.52	18(1)	1051		3506	12432	66Ha16
3681(10)					1152		3625	12551	67Co04
3731(10)	[2 ⁺]		2.80	30(1)	1209		3674	12600	67Co04 83Sa15 66Ha16
3782(10)					1247		3725	12650	67Co04
3819(10)				13(5)			3761	12687	67Co04
3849(10)	[1 ⁺]			15(5)	1339		3788	12716	67Co04 83Sa15
3928(10)	[1 ⁺]						3868	12794	83Sa15

In the neighbour nucleus ^{64}Zn the pronounced resonance structures were observed at the proton bombarding energies $E_o=3217$ and 3251 keV [76Fo06].

Excitations of 22 levels of ^{64}Zn from the (p,n_o)-reaction are given in [75Le03].

Branching ratios of γ -transitions [80Er08, 02Nu0A]. $^{66}_{30}\text{Zn}(\text{p})$

E^*	J^π	Branching ratios									Com.
[keV]		Percentage									
		0.0	1039	1873	2372	2451	2765	2780	2827	3078	$E^*, \text{ keV}$
		0 ⁺	2 ⁺	2 ⁺	0 ⁺	4 ⁺	4 ⁺	2 ⁺	3 ⁻	4 ⁺	J^π_f
1039.237(3)	2 ⁺	1000(75)									
1872.781(3)	2 ⁺		368(27)								
2372.373(4)	0 ⁺		18(1)								
2451.01(5)	4 ⁺		118(9)								
2703.6(4)	⟨3⟩		7(1)	99(11)							
2762.8(6)	⟨2⟩										
2765.56(7)	4 ⁺		22(2)	28(2)		6(1)					
2780.182(7)	2 ⁺		11(1)	7(1)		2(1)					
2826.73(5)	3 ⁻		50(4)	6(1)							
2938.101(5)	2 ⁺		42(3)								
3030	⟨0 ⁺ ⟩										
3077.73(23)	4 ⁺			8(1)		27(2)	2(1)				
3105.064(5)	0 ⁺		2(1)	9(1)							
3212.610(9)	2 ⁺		32(2)								
3226.2(11)											

(continued)

 $^{66}_{30}\text{Zn}(\text{p})$

E^* [keV]	J^π	Branching ratios									Com. $E^*, \text{ keV}$ J^π_f
		0.0 0^+	1039 2^+	1873 2^+	2372 0^+	2451 4^+	2765 4^+	2780 2^+	2827 3^-	3078 4^+	
3228.909(4)	1^+	$\langle x \rangle$	17(1)	2(1)							
3241.2(11)											
3331.469(6)	2^+		4(1)	24(2)							
3380.975(5)	$1^{\langle - \rangle}$	18(2)		8(1)							
3427.435(18)	$1, 2^-$			$\langle x \rangle$							
3432.438(5)	$1^{\langle - \rangle}$	12(1)	12(1)								
3507.280(23)	2^+		15(1)								
3523.6(8)							8(1)				
3531.726(14)	0^+		5(1)								
3576.404(23)	4^+		7(1)	6(1)				3(1)			
3670.73(5)	2^+		9(1)	5(1)		5(1)					
3689.01(16)	$1^+ - 3^+$			$\langle 11 \rangle$							
3709.4(3)	$\langle 5 \rangle$							4(1)			
3725.3(5)											
3731.6(5)							6(1)				
3738.239(21)	1	14(1)									
3738.24(4)	$\langle 4^+ \rangle$										
3747.03(19)	5^-					6(1)				2(1)	
3753.05(4)	4^+		$\langle x \rangle$								
3791.154(4)	1^+		11(1)								
3806.4(10)											
3824.9(3)	0										
3874(5)											
3882.457(10)	$\langle 2 \rangle$			5(1)							
3898.3(6)	5^-								2(1)		
3924.71(20)			8(1)		$\langle x \rangle$						
4019.2(15)	2^+							4(1)			
4075.7(3)	$\langle 6^- \rangle$										
4081.0(15)											
4086.012(5)	1	10(1)									
4108.5(10)											
4119.0(5)	$\langle 1^- \rangle$		5(1)								

γ -ray spectra following (p, γ) reaction with the proton energy about 2 MeV were used to study transitions between the low-lying levels; relative intensities given in the table are normalized by $I_\gamma=1000$ for $E_\gamma=1039$ keV.