

No. 39A-3 (NH₄)₂BeF₄, Ammonium fluoroberyllate*(M* = 121.08; [*D*: 129.13])

1a	Ferroelectric activity in (NH ₄) ₂ BeF ₄ was discovered by Pepinsky and Jona in 1957.			57Pep	
b	phase	III	II	I	^{a)} 44Muk
	state	F ^{b)} ^{c)}		P	^{b)} 74Mak
	crystal system	orthorhombic		orthorhombic	^{c)} 77Ono
	space group	Pn2 ₁ a–C _{2v} ⁹ ^{b)} ^{c)} ^{d)}		Pnam–D _{2h} ¹⁶ ^{a)} ^{b)} ^{c)}	^{d)} 77Tak
	Θ [K]	176 ^{e)}		182 ^{f)}	^{e)} 77Iiz ^{f)} 73Str
	<i>P</i> _s [010].				57Pep
	ρ _X = 1.718 · 10 ³ kg m ^{–3} at –84 °C.				79Ono
	Transparent, colorless.				57Pep
2a	Crystal growth: evaporation or cooling method from aqueous solution.				58Hos
3a	Unit cell parameters: Table 39A-3-001.				
	<i>a</i> = 7.646(1) Å, <i>b</i> = 10.430(1) Å, <i>c</i> = 5.918(1) Å at 20(1) °C (phase I).				78Ono
	<i>a</i> = 7.573(5) Å, <i>b</i> = 10.462(5) Å, <i>c</i> = 5.910(4) Å at –84 °C (phase I),				
	<i>a</i> = 15.1048(11) Å, <i>b</i> = 10.4821(6) Å, <i>c</i> = 5.9101(3) Å at –140 °C (phase III).				79Ono
b	<i>Z</i> = 4 in phase I, <i>Z</i> = 8 in phase III.				79Ono
	Crystal structure in phase I: Table 39A-3-002, Table 39A-3-003, Table 39A-3-004, Table 39A-3-005, Table 39A-3-006, Table 39A-3-007, Table 39A-3-008; Fig. 39A-3-001, Fig. 39A-3-002.				
	Crystal structure of phase II based on superspace group: see				85Yam
	Crystal structure of phase III: Table 39A-3-009, Table 39A-3-010, Table 39A-3-011, Table 39A-3-012, Table 39A-3-013; Fig. 39A-3-003, Fig. 39A-3-004, Fig. 39A-3-005, Fig. 39A-3-006; see also				80Mis
	Thermal displacements of atoms: Table 39A-3-014.				
4	Thermal expansion: Fig. 39A-3-007, Fig. 39A-3-008.				
	Thermal expansion coefficient: Table 39A-3-001 in 3a; Fig. 39A-3-009.				
5a	Dielectric constant: Fig. 39A-3-010, Fig. 39A-3-011; see also				86Lei, 88Str
	Dielectric dispersion: Fig. 39A-3-012.				
	Dielectric constant in far infrared region: Fig. 39A-3-013, Fig. 39A-3-014.				
	Dielectric constant of (SO ₄) ^{2–} doped crystal and γ-irradiated crystal: see				84Str
	Effect of <i>p</i> on κ: Fig. 39A-3-015.				
	Phase diagram in regard to <i>p</i> : Fig. 39A-3-016; see also Fig. 39A-2-015 in No. 39A-2.				
b	Effect of <i>E</i> _{bias} : see				85Str, 87Str
	Phase diagram in regard to <i>E</i> _{bias} : Fig. 39A-3-017.				
	Dielectric hysteresis loop in the vicinity of Θ _{III–II} : see				82Str
c	Spontaneous polarization: Fig. 39A-3-018.				
	Coercive field: Fig. 39A-3-019.				
6a	Heat capacity: Fig. 39A-3-020, Fig. 39A-3-021; see also				86Str
	Transition heat, transition entropy: Table 39A-3-015.				

7a	Piezoelectric constant: Fig. 39A-3-022. Electromechanical coupling constant: Fig. 39A-3-023.	
8a	Elastic compliance and stiffness: Table 39A-3-016; Fig. 39A-3-024, Fig. 39A-3-025, Fig. 39A-3-026, Fig. 39A-3-027. Elastic stiffness determined by X-ray diffuse scattering: see Effect of p on sound velocity and attenuation: Table 39A-3-017; Fig. 39A-3-028, Fig. 39A-3-029, Fig. 39A-3-030.	80Gar
9a	Birefringence: Fig. 39A-3-031.	
b	Electrooptic effect: Fig. 39A-3-032.	
d	Gyration tensor: Fig. 39A-3-033.	
e	Second harmonic generation: Fig. 39A-3-034; see also	84Aru
10a	Raman scattering: Fig. 39A-3-035.	
b	Sound velocity and attenuation from Brillouin scattering, see Fig. 39A-3-028, Fig. 39A-3-029, Fig. 39A-3-030 in 8a; see also	76Ale
13a	NMR of proton and deuteron: Table 39A-3-018; Fig. 39A-3-036. See also Fig. 39A-1-041 in No. 39A-1. NMR of ⁹ Be: Table 39A-3-019; Fig. 39A-3-037, Fig. 39A-3-038. NMR of ¹⁴ N: Fig. 39A-3-039, Fig. 39A-3-040, Fig. 39A-3-041. NMR of ¹⁹ F: Fig. 39A-3-042; see also	67ORe, 69Ale1
b	ESR for irradiated crystal: see	78Mat, 79Mat
14a	Bragg reflections due to structural modulations: Fig. 39A-3-043, Fig. 39A-3-044, Fig. 39A-3-045. For (NH ₄) ₂ (BeF ₄) _{1-x} (NH ₄) _x , see	90Alm
b	X-ray diffuse scattering: Fig. 39A-3-046, Fig. 39A-3-047; see also	77Tak
15a	Domain structure: striped domain pattern parallel to the (100) plane was observed by dew method and scanning electron microscope.	63Tos, 85Rod
16	Surface layer effect on the dielectric constant: see	78Rao