

Ti ₂ P	<i>hP</i> 81	(189) <i>P</i> -62 <i>m</i> – $k^6j^3g^3f^5ca$
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Ti₂P [1]

Structural features: Infinite columns of base-linked PTi₆Ti₃ tricapped trigonal prisms share atoms to form a 3D-framework (a framework of base- and edge-linked PTi₆ trigonal prisms with single prism columns shifted by *c*/2 in channels). Deformation derivative of Fe₂P.

Gemmi M. et al. (2003) [1]

PTi₂

a = 1.9969, *c* = 0.34589 nm, *c/a* = 0.173, *V* = 1.1945 nm³, *Z* = 27

site	Wyck.	sym.	<i>x</i>	<i>y</i>	<i>z</i>	occ.	atomic environment
Ti1	6 <i>k</i>	<i>m</i> ..	0.09	0.335	1/2		rhombic dodecahedron P ₄ Ti ₁₀
P2	6 <i>k</i>	<i>m</i> ..	0.108	0.225	1/2		tricapped trigonal prism Ti ₉
P3	6 <i>k</i>	<i>m</i> ..	0.108	0.558	1/2		tricapped trigonal prism Ti ₉
P4	6 <i>k</i>	<i>m</i> ..	0.214	0.444	1/2		tricapped trigonal prism Ti ₉
Ti5	6 <i>k</i>	<i>m</i> ..	0.245	0.576	1/2		14-vertex Frank-Kasper P ₄ Ti ₁₀
Ti6	6 <i>k</i>	<i>m</i> ..	0.334	0.427	1/2		14-vertex Frank-Kasper P ₄ Ti ₁₀
Ti7	6 <i>j</i>	<i>m</i> ..	0.122	0.455	0		7-capped pentagonal prism P ₅ Ti ₁₂
Ti8	6 <i>j</i>	<i>m</i> ..	0.197	0.33	0		7-capped pentagonal prism P ₅ Ti ₁₂
Ti9	6 <i>j</i>	<i>m</i> ..	0.33	0.53	0		pseudo Frank-Kasper P ₆ Ti ₁₂
Ti10	3 <i>g</i>	<i>m2m</i>	0.098	0	1/2		14-vertex Frank-Kasper P ₄ Ti ₁₀
Ti11	3 <i>g</i>	<i>m2m</i>	0.41	0	1/2		cuboctahedron P ₄ Ti ₈
Ti12	3 <i>g</i>	<i>m2m</i>	0.761	0	1/2		rhombic dodecahedron P ₄ Ti ₁₀
Ti13	3 <i>f</i>	<i>m2m</i>	0.206	0	0		7-capped pentagonal prism P ₅ Ti ₁₂
P14	3 <i>f</i>	<i>m2m</i>	0.33	0	0		tricapped trigonal prism Ti ₉
Ti15	3 <i>f</i>	<i>m2m</i>	0.528	0	0		pseudo Frank-Kasper P ₆ Ti ₁₂
P16	3 <i>f</i>	<i>m2m</i>	0.67	0	0		tricapped trigonal prism Ti ₉
Ti17	3 <i>f</i>	<i>m2m</i>	0.864	0	0		pseudo Frank-Kasper Ti ₁₂ P ₆
P18	2 <i>c</i>	-6..	1/3	2/3	0		tricapped trigonal prism Ti ₉
P19	1 <i>a</i>	-62 <i>m</i>	0	0	0		tricapped trigonal prism Ti ₉

Transformation from published data: -*x*, -*y*, -*z*

Experimental: polycrystalline sample, electron diffraction, *R* = 0.360

Remarks: Supersedes a report on Ti₂P with a smaller supercell (*a* = √3*a*(Fe₂P)) in [2].

References: [1] Gemmi M., Zou X.D., Hovmöller S., Migliori A., Vennström M., Andersson Y. (2003), Acta Crystallogr. A 59, 117-126. [2] Lundström T., Snell P.O. (1967), Acta Chem. Scand. 21, 1343-1352.