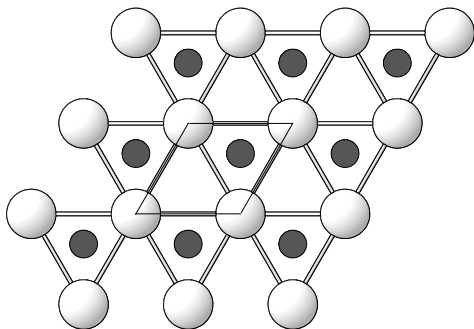


WC

*hP2*(187) *P-6m2* – da**WC** [2], tungsten carbide, Strukturbericht notation  $B_h$ Structural features: Directly superposed close-packed W layers; C in trigonal prismatic voids. Infinite columns of base-linked  $CW_6$  trigonal prisms share edges to form a 3D-framework. See Fig. IV.10.Fig. IV.10. **WC**Arrangement of  $W_6$  trigonal prisms (W atoms large) centered by C atoms (small) viewed along [001].

Parthé E., Sadagopan V. (1962) [1]

CW

 $a = 0.290$ ,  $c = 0.283$  nm,  $c/a = 0.976$ ,  $V = 0.0206$  nm<sup>3</sup>,  $Z = 1$ 

site	Wyck.	sym.	$x$	$y$	$z$	occ.	atomic environment
C1	1 <i>d</i>	-6 <i>m2</i>	$\frac{1}{3}$	$\frac{2}{3}$	$\frac{1}{2}$		14-vertex polyhedron $W_6C_8$
W2	1 <i>a</i>	-6 <i>m2</i>	0	0	0		14-vertex polyhedron $C_6W_8$

Experimental: powder, diffractometer, neutrons,  $R = 0.046$ 

Remarks: Cell parameters from [2], where C was located based on crystal chemical considerations. Supersedes reports on WC with NiAs-type structure (e.g. [3]) and a partly disordered structure proposal in [4].

References: [1] Parthé E., Sadagopan V. (1962), Monatsh. Chem. 93, 263-270. [2] Westgren A., Phragmén G. (1926), Z. Anorg. Allg. Chem. 156, 27-36. [3] Hägg G. (1931), Z. Phys. Chem., Abt. B 12, 33-56. [4] Schönberg N. (1954), Acta Metall. 2, 427-432.