

SiO <sub>2</sub>	<i>hP9</i>	(180) <i>P6<sub>2</sub>22</i> – id
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**SiO<sub>2</sub> quartz β** [2], quartz high, Strukturbericht notation C8

Structural features: SiO<sub>4</sub> tetrahedra share vertices to form a 3D-framework with twisted chains and narrow channels of hexagonal cross-section parallel to [001]. See Fig. IV.40.

Tucker M.G. et al. (2001) [1]

O<sub>2</sub>Si

*a* = 0.49965, *c* = 0.54543 nm, *c/a* = 1.092, *V* = 0.1179 nm<sup>3</sup>, *Z* = 3

site	Wyck.	sym.	<i>x</i>	<i>y</i>	<i>z</i>	occ.	atomic environment
O1	6 <i>i</i>	..2	0.2084	0.4169	0		non-colinear Si <sub>2</sub>
Si2	3 <i>d</i>	222	<sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub>	0	<sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub>		tetrahedron O <sub>4</sub>

Transformation from published data (*P6<sub>4</sub>22*): new axes -*a*, -*b*, -*c*; origin shift 0 0 <sup>1</sup>/<sub>2</sub>

Experimental: powder, diffractometer, neutrons, time-of-flight, wR = 0.030, T = 1073 K

Remarks: Phase stable at T > 858 K. Strukturbericht notation C8 also refers to the SiO<sub>2</sub> α-quartz type.

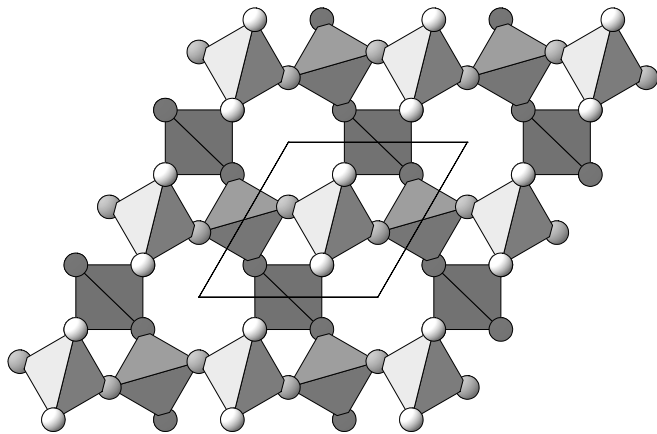


Fig. IV.40. **SiO<sub>2</sub> quartz β**

Arrangement of SiO<sub>4</sub> tetrahedra viewed along [001]. Light, medium and dark tetrahedra are shifted by *c*/3.

References: [1] Tucker M.G., Keen D.A., Dove M.T. (2001), Mineral. Mag. 65, 489-507. [2] Wyckoff R.W.G. (1926), Z. Kristallogr. 63, 507-537.