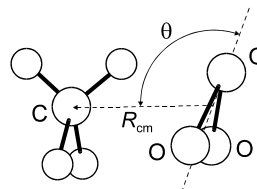


133  
MW**CH<sub>4</sub>O<sub>3</sub>****Methane – ozone (1/1)**  
(weakly bound complex)**C<sub>s</sub>**  
(effective symmetry class)  
(large-amplitude motion)  
CH<sub>4</sub> · O<sub>3</sub>

$r_0$	$\text{\AA}^a$	$\theta_0$	deg
$R^b$	3.57(2)	$\theta^c$	118.2(5)

An *a*-type pure-rotational and a *c*-type rotation-inversion electric-dipole spectrum is observed; the spectrum is complicated by the nearly free internal rotation of the CH<sub>4</sub> top and the inversion tunneling of the O<sub>3</sub>. The transition state has a heavy-atom, C<sub>2v</sub>-symmetry geometry.

The tunneling splitting is determined to be 30 to 40 MHz, depending on the CH<sub>4</sub> internal-rotor state. Only two of the three methane internal-rotor states have been assigned. These two states of A and F symmetry have asymmetric-rotor energy-level structures, weakly perturbed by the ozone-inversion tunneling. The zero-point structure of the complex has a heavy-atom plane of symmetry with the two terminal O atoms equidistant above and below this plane.



<sup>a</sup>) Uncertainty was not estimated in the original paper.

<sup>b</sup>) The shortest O...C separation.

<sup>c</sup>) See figure for the definition.

Walker, A.R.H., Fraser, G.T., Suenram, R.D., Lovas, F.J.: J. Chem. Phys. **113** (2000) 2139.