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MW CO_3S_2

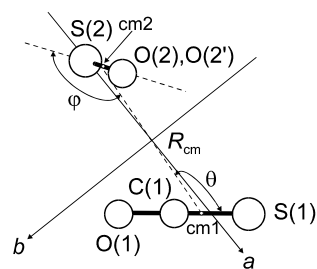
Carbonyl sulfide – sulfur dioxide (1/1)

(weakly bound complex)

 C_s (effective symmetry class)
(large-amplitude motion) $\text{O}=\text{C}=\text{S} \cdot \text{SO}_2$

r_0	\AA	θ_0	deg
R_{cm}	3.7471(4)	θ^{a}	123.8(5)
		φ^{a}	142.1(50)

Atom	a_0 [\AA]	b_0 [\AA]	c_0 [\AA]
C(1)	1.58725	0.60427	0.0
O(1)	0.84807	1.49319	0.0
S(1)	2.58794	-0.59912	0.0
cm1 ^{b)}	1.92363	0.19976	0.0
S(2)	-2.11196	0.00523	0.0
O(2)	-1.49515	-0.37970	1.29940
O(2')	-1.49515	-0.37970	-1.29940
cm2 ^{b)}	-1.80348	-0.18729	0.0



The dimer has C_s symmetry with the oxygen atoms of the SO_2 straddling the OCS. The C_2 axis of SO_2 is nearly parallel to the OCS molecule orienting the dipole moments of the monomers approximately antiparallel.

^{a)} See figure for the definition.

^{b)} cm1 and cm2 denote the centers of mass for the OCS and SO_2 molecules, respectively.

Peebles, S.A., Sun, L.H., Ioannou, I.I., Kuczkowski, R.L.: J. Mol. Struct. **485-486** (1999) 211.