

259
MW

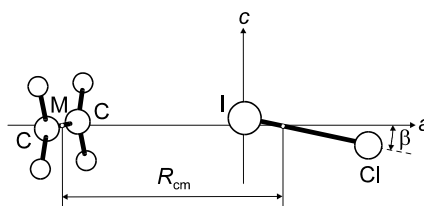
 $\text{C}_2\text{H}_4\text{ClI}$
Ethylene – iodine chloride (1/1)
(weakly bound complex)

 C_{2v}
(effective symmetry class)
(large-amplitude motion)
 $\text{H}_2\text{C}=\text{CH}_2 \cdot \text{ICl}$

r_0	\AA		θ_0	deg	
	$\text{C}_2\text{H}_4 \cdot \text{I}^{35}\text{Cl}$	$\text{C}_2\text{H}_4 \cdot \text{I}^{37}\text{Cl}$		$\text{C}_2\text{H}_4 \cdot \text{I}^{35}\text{Cl}$	$\text{C}_2\text{H}_4 \cdot \text{I}^{37}\text{Cl}$
M...I ^{a)}	3.0324(18)	3.0336(29)	β ^{b)}	4.5(5) ^{c)}	4.5(5) ^{c)}
R_{cm}	3.5344(18)	3.5578(20)			

The ICl molecule lies along the C_2 axis perpendicular to the nuclear plane of ethene, with the I atom nearer to the π bond than the Cl atom. The intermolecular stretching force constant is 14.0 N m^{-1} .

- ^{a)} M denotes the center of the π bond.
^{b)} See figure for the definition.
^{c)} Average value.



Thumwood, J.M.A., Legon, A.C.: Chem. Phys. Lett. **310** (1999) 88.