

OSI

OSI.1 Zeolite framework type and topology

The designation of the FTC refers to the type material UiO-6 (University of **Os**lo, sequence number **Si**x), first synthesized by [96Akp1] who also solved and described the crystal structure. However, atomic parameters are not given in the original paper, they are taken from the *Collection of Simulated XRD Powder Diffraction Patterns for Zeolites* [2006Tre1]. The framework structure (Fig. OSI.1.1) can be described as being built from **osi** channels crosslinked by *lau* (4^26^4) and *oth* ($4^26^26^2$) units as shown in Fig. OSI.1.2 and OSI.1.3.

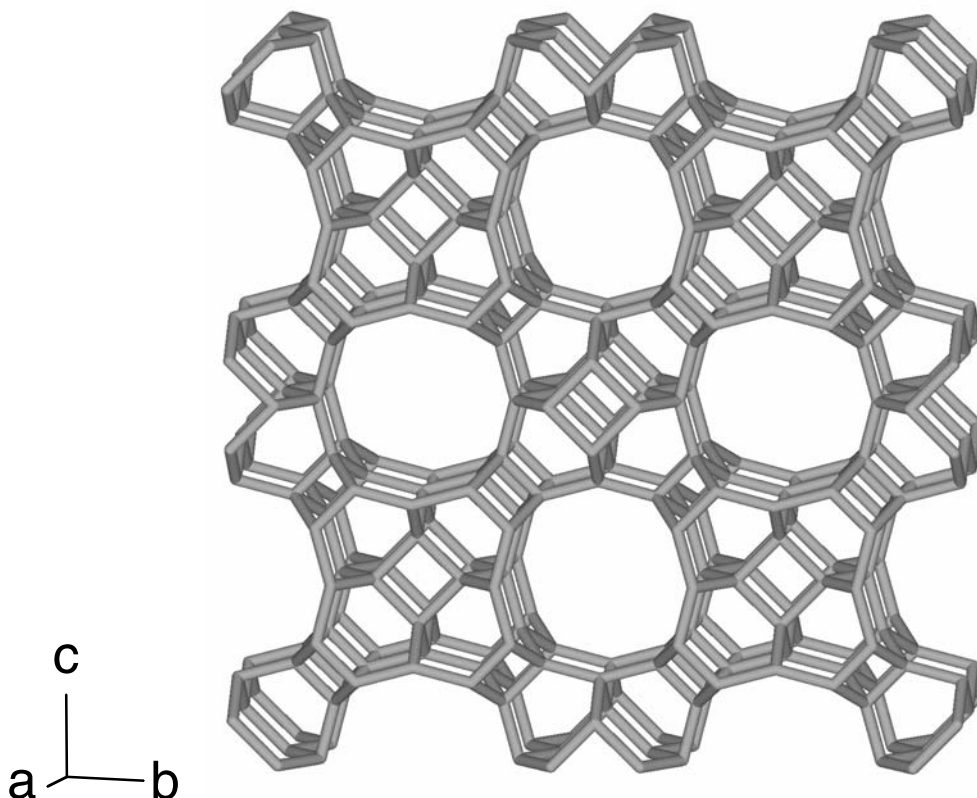


Fig. OSI.1.1. The framework structure of OSI-type compounds in the highest possible topological symmetry $I4/m\bar{m}m$.

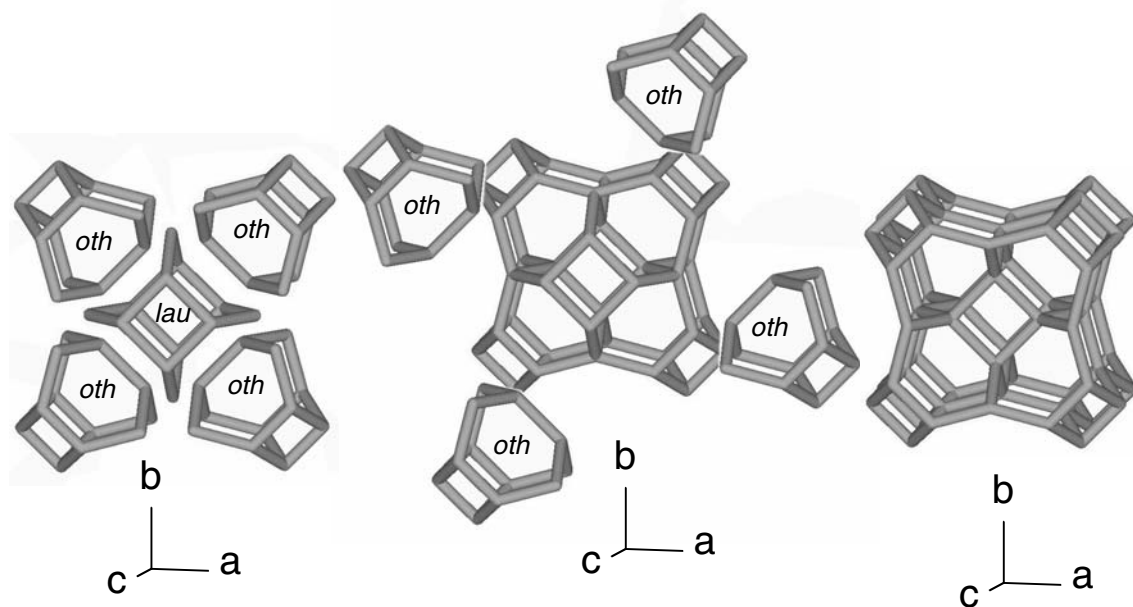


Fig. OSI.1.2 Building scheme of the composite unit formed by *lau* and *oth* units. View parallel **c** rotated by 8° about **a** and 6° about **b**

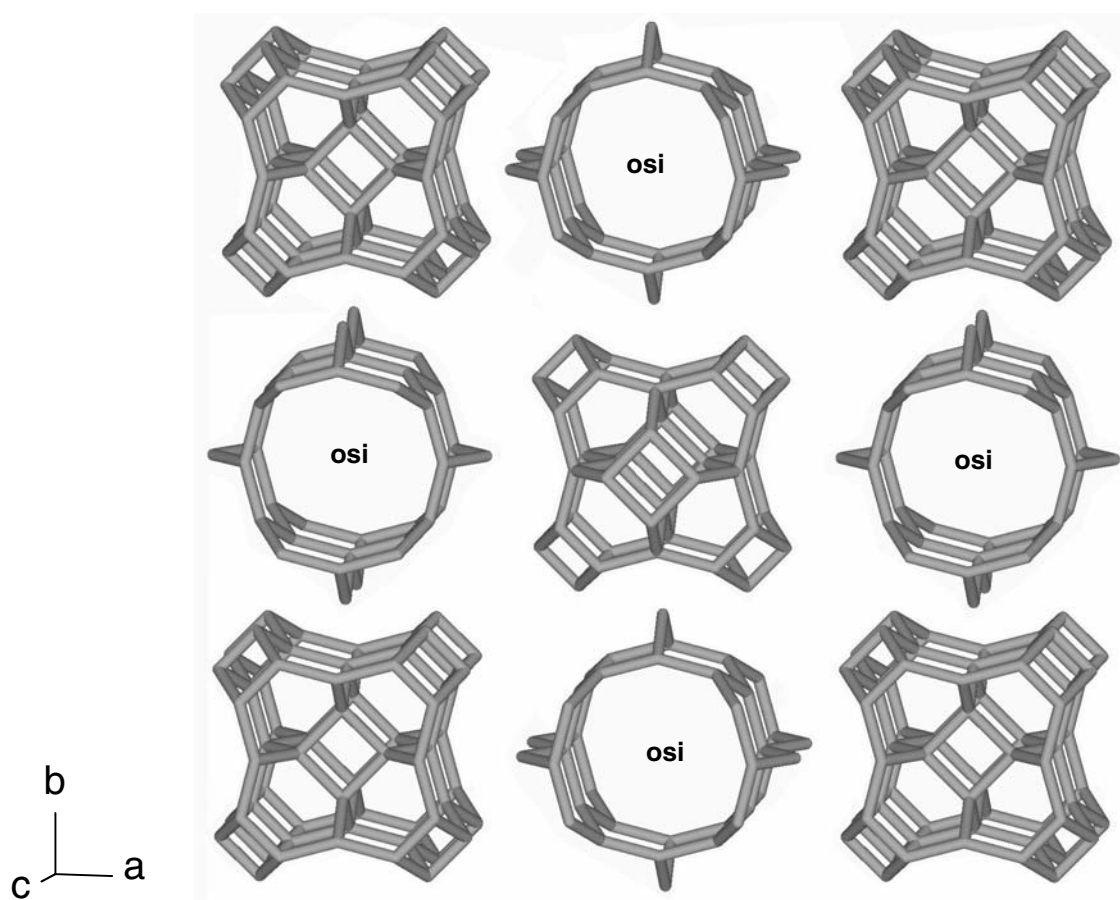
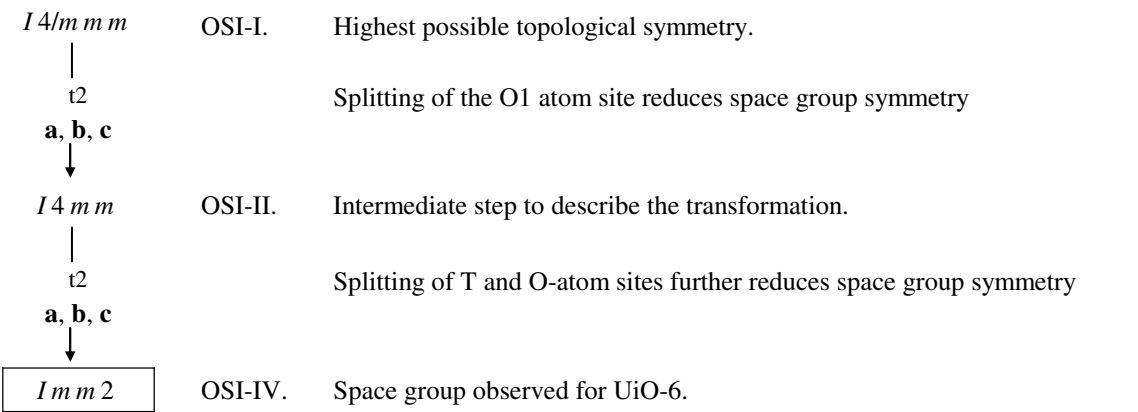


Fig. OSI.1.3 The building scheme of OSI-type compounds. View parallel **c** rotated by 8° about **a** and 6° about **b**.



OSI.2 Compounds and crystal data

Table OSI.2.1 Chemical data.

FD = framework density	CE = cation exchange	TT = thermal treatment	REF = reference					
SM = source of material	SR = sorbate	T = temperature of thermal treatment [K]						
code	chemical composition	FD	SM	CE	SR	TT	T	REF
OSI-IV <i>I m m 2</i>								
OSI1996a01	Al ₁₆ P ₁₆ O ₆₄	18.8	S	-	-	C	n.s.	96Akp1

Table OSI.2.2 Structural parameters of the OSI-type compound.

code	<i>a</i> [Å]	<i>b</i> [Å]	<i>c</i> [Å]	<i>V</i> [Å ³]	<i>T</i> [K]	reference
OSI-IV <i>I m m 2</i>						
OSI1996a01	18.3549	18.3206	5.0530	1699	n.s.	96Akp1, 2006Tre1

OSI.3 Framework structure of the OSI-IV compound (*I m m 2*, IT #44)

Table OSI.3.1 Atomic coordinates and site definitions for OSI-IV, Al₁₆P₁₆O₆₄ (OSI1996a01, 96Akp1, 2006Tre1).

atom	<i>x</i>	<i>y</i>	<i>z</i>	site symmetry	Wyckoff position	no. of atoms in unit cell
Al11	0.7795	0.6659	0.028	1	8(e)	8
P12	0.6446	0.7691	0.068	1	8(e)	8
P21	0.7779	0	0.581	. <i>m</i> .	4(c)	4
Al22	0	0.7867	0.500	<i>m</i> . .	4(d)	4
Al31	0.1179	0	0.104	. <i>m</i> .	4(c)	4
P32	0	0.1205	0.027	<i>m</i> . .	4(d)	4
O11a	0.1738	0	0.8272	. <i>m</i> .	4(c)	4
O11b	0	0.1444	0.7413	<i>m</i> . .	4(d)	4
O12a	0.8509	0	0.4332	. <i>m</i> .	4(c)	4
O12b	0	0.8073	0.1602	1	4(d)	4
O21	0.7624	0.5718	0.0281	1	8(e)	8
O22	0.5647	0.7846	0.0247	1	8(e)	8
O31	0.6977	0.1764	0.1912	1	8(e)	8
O32	0.1709	0.6950	0.3099	1	8(e)	8
O4	0.6919	0.7030	0.0110	1	8(e)	8
O5	0.0724	0.0815	0.0300	1	8(e)	8

The crystal structure consists of strongly distorted tetrahedra with some cations residing close to the centers of the tetrahedral planes which indicates some problems in the structure refinement. The angles O-T-O vary from 83° to 133°. However, these are the only data available and therefore represent the reference data for this framework type.

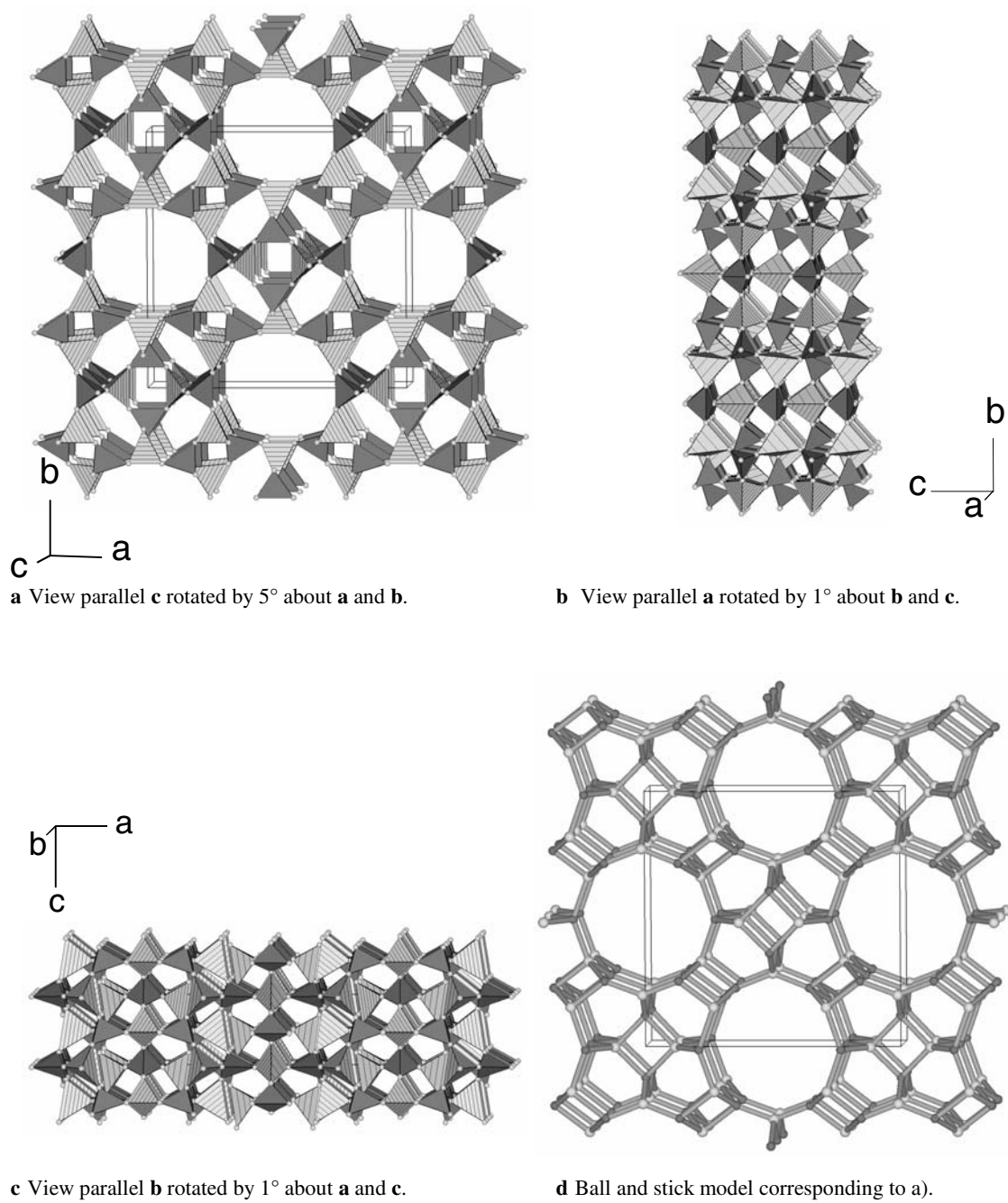


Fig. OSI.3.1 Projections of the OSI-IV crystal structure of $\text{Al}_{16}\text{P}_{16}\text{O}_{64}$ (OSI1996a01, 96Akp1, 2006Tre1).

OSI.5 Flexibility and apertures

There is insufficient information available about the OSI-type to judge its flexibility.

The 12-ring openings in the OSI-type framework are buckled. They measure about 5 Å by 6 Å and are therefore smaller than in the FAU-type, where they are about 7.5 Å by 7.5 Å.

OSI.6 Other information

No useful properties have been reported for OSI-type compounds.

OSI.7 References

- 96Akp1 Akporiaye, D.E., Fjellvag, H., Halvorsen, E.N., Haug, T., Karlsson, A., Lillerud, K.P.: J. Chem. Soc. Chem. Commun. (1996) 1553.
- 2006Tre1 Treacy, M.M.J., Higgins, J.B., von Ballmoos, R. in Baerlocher, C., McCusker, L.B.: Database of zeolite structures, <http://www.zeolites.ethz.ch/Zeolites/XRDpatterns.htm>

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