

C1COH2S

Intensity of two sources separated by s. Superposition of two double slit pattern.

The slits have width d and separation a, one pattern is untilted with $\psi = 0$, the other tilted by $\psi = s/Z$, distance from sources to slit is Z.

Distance from slit to screen is X, coordinate on screen is Y, $Y/X = \theta$.

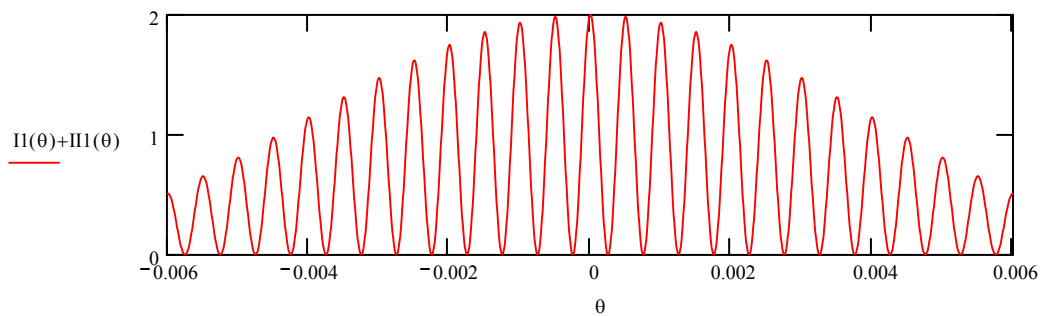
By enlarging ψ , starting from 0, one finds the first "fringe disappearance". If ψ is further enlarged, the fringes reappear, but now the minima are not zero.

Another point of view: Fringes may disappear for constant s and changing a.

$$\theta \equiv -.006, -.00599 \dots .006 \quad d \equiv .05 \quad a := 1 \quad Z \equiv 9000 \quad \lambda := .0005$$

$$I_1(\theta) := \frac{\sin\left[\left(\pi\right) \cdot \frac{d}{\lambda} \cdot \sin(\theta)\right]^2}{\left[\pi \cdot \frac{d}{\lambda} \cdot (\sin(\theta))\right]^2} \cdot \cos\left[\pi \cdot \frac{a}{\lambda} \cdot ((\sin(\theta)))\right]^2$$

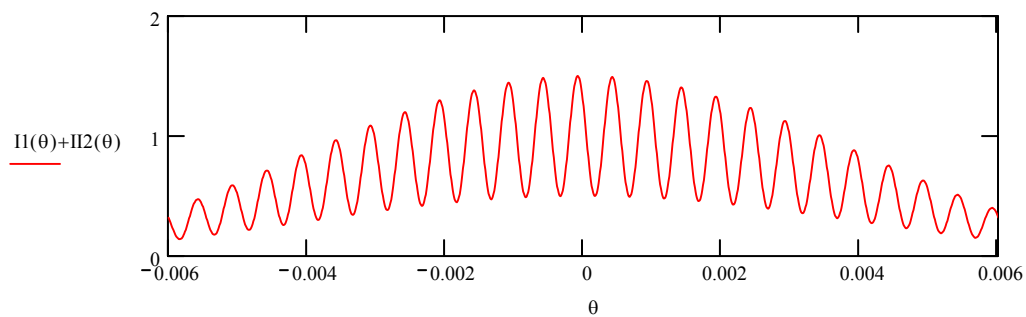
$$I_{I1}(\theta) := \frac{\sin\left[\pi \cdot \frac{d}{\lambda} \cdot ((\sin(\theta)))\right]^2}{\left[\pi \cdot \frac{d}{\lambda} \cdot ((\sin(\theta)))\right]^2} \cdot \cos\left[\pi \cdot \frac{a}{\lambda} \cdot ((\sin(\theta) + \sin(\psi_1)))\right]^2 \quad \begin{array}{l} s_1 \equiv 0 \\ \psi_1 \equiv \frac{s_1}{Z} \end{array}$$



$$\Pi_2(\theta) := \frac{\sin\left[\pi \cdot \frac{d}{\lambda} \cdot ((\sin(\theta)))\right]^2}{\left[\pi \cdot \frac{d}{\lambda} \cdot ((\sin(\theta)))\right]^2} \cdot \cos\left[\pi \cdot \frac{a}{\lambda} \cdot ((\sin(\theta) + \sin(\psi_2)))\right]^2$$

$$\psi_2 := \frac{s_2}{Z}$$

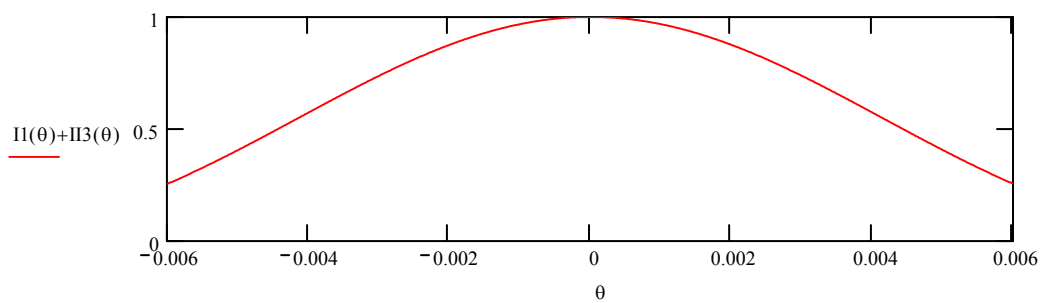
$$s_2 \equiv 1.5$$



$$\Pi_3(\theta) := \frac{\sin\left[\pi \cdot \frac{d}{\lambda} \cdot ((\sin(\theta)))\right]^2}{\left[\pi \cdot \frac{d}{\lambda} \cdot ((\sin(\theta)))\right]^2} \cdot \cos\left[\pi \cdot \frac{a}{\lambda} \cdot ((\sin(\theta) + \sin(\psi_3)))\right]^2$$

$$\psi_3 := \frac{s_3}{Z}$$

$$s_3 \equiv 2.25$$



$$\Pi_4(\theta) := \frac{\sin\left[\pi\cdot\frac{d}{\lambda}\cdot((\sin(\theta)))\right]^2}{\left[\pi\cdot\frac{d}{\lambda}\cdot((\sin(\theta)))\right]^2}\cdot\cos\left[\pi\cdot\frac{a}{\lambda}\cdot((\sin(\theta) + \sin(\psi_4)))\right]^2$$

$\psi_4 := \frac{s_4}{Z}$
 $s_4 \equiv 2.6$

