

L11MOCONFCS

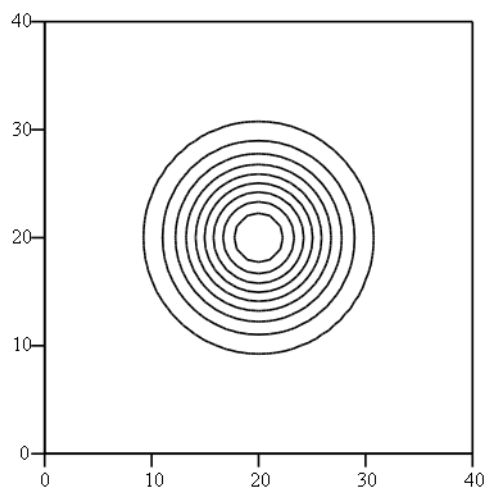
Cartesian Coordinates for rectangular mirrors in confocal resonator.
Field distribution as contour plot.

The mode numbers m and n are for Hermitian Polynomials.
The constant in the exponential is simulated by X.
Small X correspond to small "waist width".

$$\begin{aligned} N &:= 40 & i &:= 0 .. N & j &:= 0 .. N \\ x_i &:= (-20) + 1.00 \cdot i & y_j &:= -20 + 1.00 \cdot j \\ H_0(x) &:= 1 & H_0(y) &:= 1 & H_1(x) &:= x \cdot \sqrt{\frac{2}{X}} & H_1(y) &:= y \cdot \sqrt{\frac{2}{Y}} \\ H_2(x) &:= 4 \cdot \left(\sqrt{\frac{2}{X}} \cdot x \right)^2 - 2 & H_2(y) &:= 4 \cdot \left(\sqrt{\frac{2}{Y}} \cdot y \right)^2 - 2 \\ H_{00}(x, y) &:= H_0(x) \cdot H_0(y) & H_{20}(x, y) &:= H_2(x) \cdot H_0(y) \\ H_{01}(x, y) &:= H_0(x) \cdot H_1(y) & H_{02}(x, y) &:= H_0(x) \cdot H_2(y) \\ H_{10}(x, y) &:= H_1(x) \cdot H_0(y) & H_{21}(x, y) &:= H_2(x) \cdot H_1(y) \\ H_{11}(x, y) &:= H_1(x) \cdot H_1(y) & H_{12}(x, y) &:= H_1(x) \cdot H_2(y) \\ & & H_{22}(x, y) &:= H_2(x) \cdot H_2(y) \end{aligned}$$

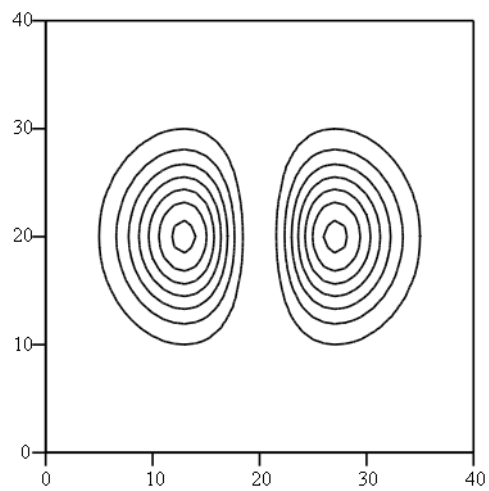
$$\begin{aligned} R(x, y) &:= (x)^2 + ((y))^2 \\ \text{constant X} \quad X &\equiv 100 \quad Y \equiv 100 & g(x, y) &:= \left(e^{\frac{-R(x, y)}{X}} \right) \end{aligned}$$

$$M00_{i,j} := (g(x_i, y_j) \cdot H00(x_i, y_j))^2$$



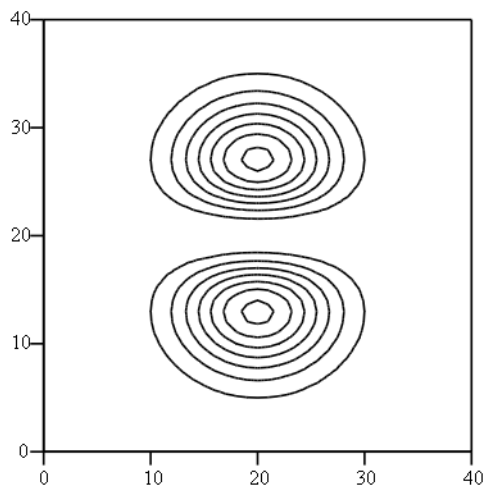
M00

$$M10_{i,j} := (g(x_i, y_j) \cdot H10(x_i, y_j))^2$$



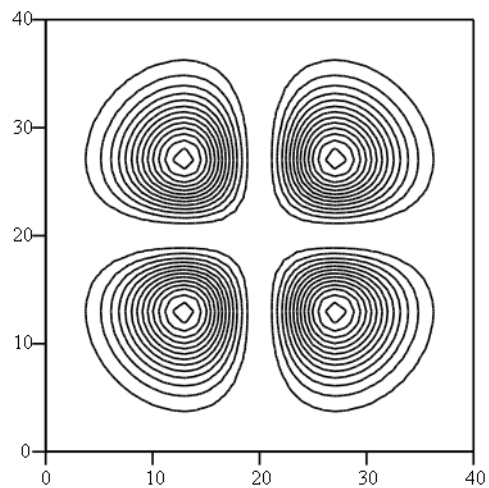
M10

$$M01_{i,j} := (g(x_i, y_j) \cdot H01(x_i, y_j))^2$$



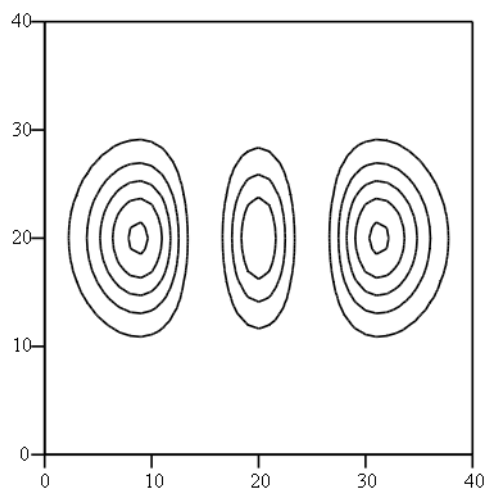
M01

$$M11_{i,j} := (g(x_i, y_j) \cdot H11(x_i, y_j))^2$$



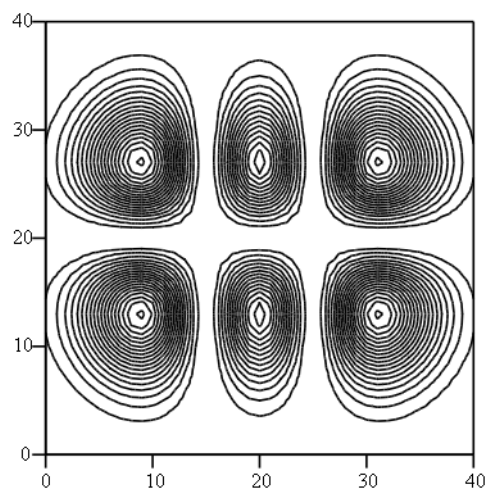
M11

$$M20_{i,j} := (g(x_i, y_j) \cdot H20(x_i, y_j))^2$$



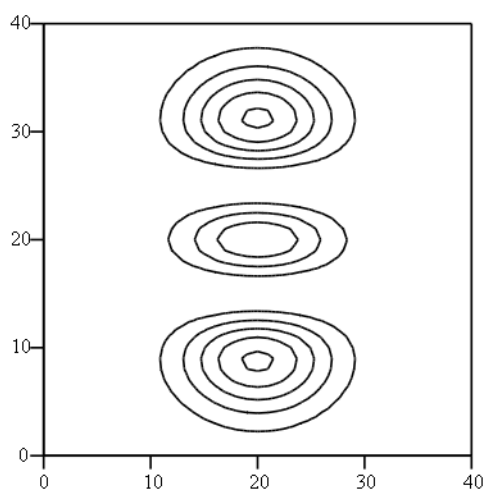
M20

$$M21_{i,j} := (g(x_i, y_j) \cdot H21(x_i, y_j))^2$$



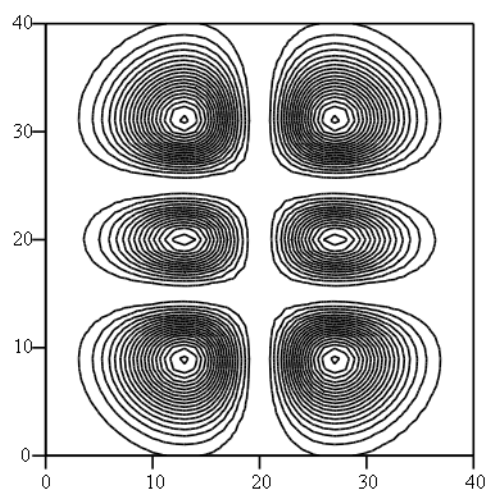
M21

$$M02_{i,j} := (g(x_i, y_j) \cdot H02(x_i, y_j))^2$$



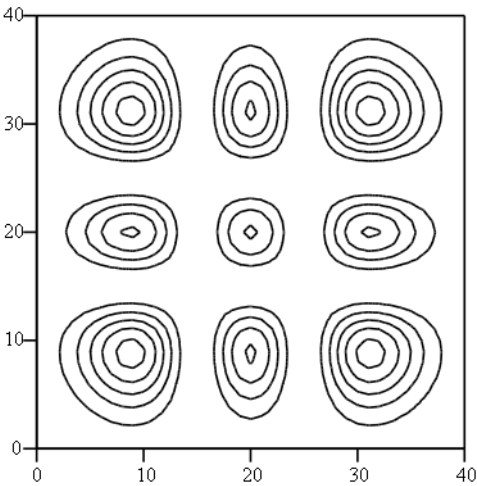
M02

$$M12_{i,j} := (g(x_i, y_j) \cdot H12(x_i, y_j))^2$$



M12

$$M22_{i,j} := \left(g(x_i,y_j)\cdot H22(x_i,y_j)\right)^2$$



M22