

Silver – Bismuth – Copper

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Introduction

The first data on the Ag–Bi–Cu system were reported by [1951Ava], who considered microstructure of alloys near the binary Ag–Cu eutectic depending on the cooling rate. [1976Zan] reported results of rapid quench-cooling experiments in the Ag rich part of the system. A eutectic reaction was found to exist at $240 \pm 5^\circ\text{C}$, but the phases in equilibrium were not specified. This work was reviewed by [1980Hen] and [1988Hen]. [1988Liu, 1989Liu] investigated the entire ternary system in 12 vertical sections by thermoanalysis (DTA) in an atmosphere of dry nitrogen. They found that the ternary Ag–Bi–Cu system is a simple eutectic one with the invariant reaction at 258°C . [1998Shu] has calculated the liquidus surface using a model of ideal solution of self-associates and compared the result with that measured by [1989Liu]. [2004Doi] has presented the primary crystallization surfaces and liquidus isotherms calculated using Calphad method and the thermodynamic parameters for the three binary systems. A good agreement was found between the results of calculation and the experimental data by [1989Liu].

Binary Systems

The binary systems Ag–Cu and Bi–Cu are accepted from the MSIT Evaluation Program [2002Rom] and [2002Cac], respectively. The Ag–Bi phase diagram is accepted from [Mas2].

Solid Phases

No ternary phases were found in this system. The crystallographic data of the phases in the Ag–Cu–Bi system and their ranges of stability are listed in Table 1.

Invariant Equilibria

One invariant eutectic reaction: $L \rightleftharpoons (\text{Ag}) + (\text{Cu}) + (\text{Bi})$ at 258°C exists in the ternary system [1989Liu]. The composition of the liquid phase is given in Table 2.

Liquidus Surface

The liquidus surface after [1989Liu] is given in Fig. 1.

Notes on Materials Properties and Applications

The Ag–Bi–Cu system is a part of the Ag–Bi–Cu–Sn system which has been enumerated as a strong potential candidate alloy for a lead-free solder [2004Doi].

References

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Table 1: Crystallographic Data of Solid Phases

Phase/ Temperature Range [°C]	Pearson Symbol/ Space Group/ Prototype	Lattice Parameters [pm]	Comments/References
(Ag) < 961.93	<i>cF4</i> <i>Fm$\bar{3}m$</i> Cu	$a = 408.57$	pure Ag at 25°C [Mas2] dissolves 14 at.% Cu [Mas2, 2002Rom]
(Cu) < 1084.62	<i>cF4</i> <i>Fm$\bar{3}m$</i> Cu	$a = 361.46$	dissolves 5 at.% Ag [Mas2, 2002Rom], 0.0193 at.% Bi [Mas2, 2002Cac] at 25°C [Mas2] melting point [1994Sub, 2002Rom]
		$a = 363.7$	pure Cu at 19°C [Mas2, 2002Rom]
(Bi) < 271.442	<i>hR6</i> <i>R$\bar{3}m$</i> α As	$a = 454.613$ $c = 1186.152$	at 31°C [V-C2, 2002Cac]

Table 2: Invariant Equilibria

Reaction	T [°C]	Type	Phase	Composition (at.%)		
				Ag	Cu	Bi
$L \rightleftharpoons (Ag) + (Cu) + (Bi)$	258	E	L	5.0	0.5	94.5

Fig. 1: Ag-Bi-Cu.
Liquidus surface
projection

