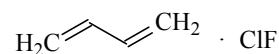


526 **C₄H₆ClF** **1,3-Butadiene – chlorine fluoride (1/1)** **C₁**
 MW (weakly bound complex) (large-amplitude motion)



r_0	Å	θ_0	deg
M...Cl ^{a)}	2.736(4)	φ ^{b)}	95.0(2)
		β ^{b)}	177.4(10)
		τ ^{b) c)}	90 ^{d)}

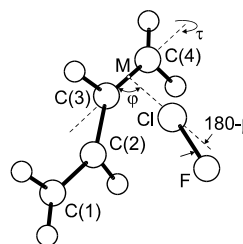
A detailed interpretation of the observed spectroscopic constants led to the conclusion that the Cl end of the ClF molecule interacts with the C(3)=C(4) π bond of 1,3-butadiene to give a complex in which the ClF molecule is perpendicular to the plane of 1,3-butadiene. The intermolecular stretching force constant is 6.21 N m⁻¹.

^{a)} M denotes the mid-point of the C(3)=C(4) bond.

^{b)} See figure for the definition.

^{c)} $\tau = 90^\circ$ defines the geometry in which ClF is perpendicular to the plane of 1,3-butadiene.

^{d)} Assumed.



Cooke, S.A., Holloway, J.H., Legon, A.C.: J. Chem. Soc., Faraday Trans. **93** (1997) 2361.