

Focal changes of the liver

- adenomas
- haemangiomas
- cysts
- tumours
- abscesses
- Hodgkin's disease (31)
- parasites
- hepatolithiasis
- Caroli's syndrome
- congenital liver fibrosis

Disseminated changes of the liver

- sarcoidosis (60)
- tuberculosis
- other types of granulomatosis
- mucoviscidosis

Infiltrative changes of the liver

- leukaemia
- amyloidosis (4, 59, 81)
- primary storage diseases
- fatty liver

Inflammatory proliferation of bile ducts

- primary biliary cholangitis
- primary sclerosing cholangitis
- bacterial cholangitis
- autoimmune cholangitis
- cholangiofibromatosis (35)

Other partially unclarified causes

- haemobilia
- graft-versus-host disease
- chronic rejection reaction
- syndromatic bile-duct hypoplasia
(Alagille's syndrome) (see also tab. 13.4)
- non-syndromatic bile-duct hypoplasia
(Zellweger's syndrome) (see also tab. 13.4)