

I. Nonsurgical methods
<p>1. Local haemostatic methods</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Varicosclerosation (CRAFOORD, C., 1939) • Tamponade (gauze + thrombin) (BARNETT, C.B., 1949) • Sclerosing of the oesophageal wall (WODAK, E., 1956) • Transhepatic sclerosing (LUNDERQUIST, A., 1974)
II. Surgical methods
<p>1. Mediastinal tamponade</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> – upper and lower mediastinal tamponades (SOM, 1947) – gauze tamponade (HARLOCK, 1950) <p>2. Varicotomy</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> – total oesophagogastrectomy (PHEMISTER, D.B., 1949) – subtotal oesophagogastrectomy (BARANOFSKY, I.D., 1949) – total small intestinal interposition (MEREDINO, K.A., 1950) – total prosthetic interposition (NACHLAS, M.M., 1956) – total colon interposition (KOOB, 1959) <p>3. Purse-string ligation of varices</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> – abdom./thorac./subdiaphragmatic (HENSCHEL, C., 1938) – laparogastroscopic varicosclerosation (LUND, 1939) – transthoracic/transoesophageal (BOEREMA, I., 1949) – transabdominal (WELCH, C.S., 1953) – transthoracic/perioesophageal (NISSEN, R., 1954) – oesophageal dissection ligation (VOSSSCHULTE, K., 1957) – transthoracic/oesophageal (HARTENBACH, W., 1963) – oesophageal dissection ligation (BOEREMA, I., 1967) <p>4. Provocation of additional collaterals</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> – omentopexy (TALMA, S., 1898) – displacement of the spleen into the abdominal wall (HOLMAN, 1950) – splenopneumopexy (NYLANDER, E.E., 1950) – hepatopexy (ROUSSELOT, L.M., 1959) – transthoracic displacement of the spleen and pole resection (BOURGEON, 1961) <p>5. Reduction in portal venous volume</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> – splenectomy (BANTI, G., 1874) – ligation of the left gastric artery and right gastroepiploic artery (FLEROW, 1926) – ligation of the hepatic artery (BERMAN, E.J., 1950) – ligation of the splenic artery (BLAIN, A.W., 1950) – small intestine resection (LAUFMANN, 1954) – thoracic lymph fistula (DUMONT, A.E., 1964) – laterolat. lymphoven. anastomosis (DEFNI, M., 1965) – terminolateral cervical lymphovenous anastomosis (SCHREIBER, H.W., 1968) <p>6. Interruption of afferent collaterals</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> – resection of the short gastric veins by splenectomy (BANTI, G., 1894) – ligation and resection of the coronary vein of the stomach (ROWNTREE, G., 1929) – subcardia gastric dissection (TANNER, N.C., 1950) – subtotal oesophageal resection (COOLEY, D.H., 1954) – oesophageal transection (WALKER, R.M., 1960) – cardia reimplantation (SCHMITT, W., 1963) – submucosal transection (STELZNER, F., 1963) – circ. subcard. gastric dissection (SCHREIBER, H.W., 1964) – decongestion of the oesophagus and stomach (HASSAB, M.A., 1967) – two-stage oesophageal dissection (SUGIURA, M., 1973) – fundectomy (HUNT, H.A., 1964; STELZNER, F., 1975) – subcardia staple suture (RINECKER, H., 1975) <p>7. Shunt operations</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Portacaval anastomosis <ul style="list-style-type: none"> – end-to-side (VIDAL, M., 1903; WHIPPLE, A.O., 1945) – side-to-side (ROSENSTEIN, P., 1912) – crossed (double end-to-side) form (McDERMOTT, W.V., 1960) – interposition shunt (SARFEH, I.J., 1986) • Splenorenal anastomosis <ul style="list-style-type: none"> – mesentericocaval side-to-end anastomosis (MARION, P., 1953; VALDONI, P., 1954) – laterolateral form (COOLEY, D.A., 1954) – distal form (WARREN, W.D., 1967) – end-to-end anastomosis (HIVET, M., 1967) – proximal (central) form (LINTON, R.R., 1974) • Coronariocaval anastomosis (GÜTGEMANN, A., 1961) • Renomesent. renosplen. anastomosis (ERLICK, D., 1964) • Saphenoumbilical anastomosis (PICCONE, V.A., 1967) • Mesentericocaval side-to-side anastomosis (MAILLARD, J.N., 1970; MOREAUX, J., 1972) • Mesentericocaval interposition shunt (REYNOLDS, T.B., 1951; DRAPANAS, T., 1972) • Splenocaval side-to-end shunt (PEIPER, H.J., 1973)