

I. Size of liver

- 1. Normotrophic cirrhosis**
- 2. Hypertrophic cirrhosis**
- 3. Atrophic cirrhosis (s. fig. 35.1)**

II. Size of regeneration

- 1. Fine-nodular (granular) cirrhosis (s. figs. 28.13, 35.5)**
- 2. Coarse-nodular (nodular) cirrhosis (s. fig. 35.2)**
- 3. Coarse-bulbous (lobular) cirrhosis (s. fig. 35.4)**
- 4. Mixed-nodular cirrhosis (s. fig. 35.8)**
- 5. “Smooth” cirrhosis (s. fig. 14.3)**

III. Structure of the fine tissue

- 1. Multilobular (multiacinar) cirrhosis**
- 2. Monolobular (monoacinar) cirrhosis**
- 3. Mixed forms**

IV. Progression of cirrhosis

- 1. Active (= progressive) form**
- 2. Inactive (= stationary) form**

V. Completion of cirrhosis

- 1. Complete form**
- 2. Incomplete form**
- 3. Incomplete septal cirrhosis**