

Example 8.8 Diffusion with Reaction  
Equation (8.1.18) is solved in Maple below:

```
> restart : with(inttrans) : with(plots) :
```

```
> eq:=diff(u(x,t),t)=diff(u(x,t),x$2)-Phi^2*u(x,t);
```

$$eq := \frac{\partial}{\partial t} u(x, t) = \frac{\partial^2}{\partial x^2} u(x, t) - \Phi^2 u(x, t) \quad (1)$$

```
> u(x,0):=0;
```

$$u(x, 0) := 0 \quad (2)$$

```
> bc1:=u(x,t)=1;
```

$$bc1 := u(x, t) = 1 \quad (3)$$

```
> bc2:=diff(u(x,t),x)=0;
```

$$bc2 := \frac{\partial}{\partial x} u(x, t) = 0 \quad (4)$$

```
> eqs:=laplace(eq,t,s):
```

```
> eqs:=subs(laplace(u(x,t),t,s)=U(x),eqs);
```

$$eqs := s U(x) = \frac{d^2}{dx^2} U(x) - \Phi^2 U(x) \quad (5)$$

```
> bc1:=laplace(bc1,t,s):
```

```
> bc1:=subs(laplace(u(x,t),t,s)=U(x),bc1);
```

$$bc1 := U(x) = \frac{1}{s} \quad (6)$$

```
> bc2:=laplace(bc2,t,s):
```

```
> bc2:=subs(laplace(u(x,t),t,s)=U(x),bc2);
```

$$bc2 := \frac{d}{dx} U(x) = 0 \quad (7)$$

```
> dsolve(eqs,U(x));
```

$$U(x) = \_C1 \sin(\sqrt{-s - \Phi^2} x) + \_C2 \cos(\sqrt{-s - \Phi^2} x) \quad (8)$$

```
> U(x):=c[1]*cosh((s+Phi^2)^(1/2)*x)+c[2]*sinh((s+Phi^2)^(1/2)*x);
```

$$U(x) := c_1 \cosh(\sqrt{s + \Phi^2} x) + c_2 \sinh(\sqrt{s + \Phi^2} x) \quad (9)$$

```
> eq0:=eval(subs(x=0,bc1));
```

```
> eq1:=eval(subs(x=1,bc2));
```

```
> con:=solve({eq0,eq1},{c[1],c[2]}):
```

```
> U(x):=subs(con,U(x));
```

$$U(x) := \frac{\cosh(\sqrt{s + \Phi^2} x)}{s} - \frac{\sinh(\sqrt{s + \Phi^2}) \sinh(\sqrt{s + \Phi^2} x)}{\cosh(\sqrt{s + \Phi^2}) s} \quad (10)$$

```
> U(x):=combine(simplify(U(x))):
```

The shifting theorem is used to find the inverse Laplace transform<sup>(1)</sup> as::  $L^{-1}F(s)=\exp(-\Phi^2 t)L^{-1}F(s-\Phi^2)$

```
> U(x):=factor(U(x));
```

$$U(x) := \frac{\cosh(\sqrt{s + \Phi^2} (x - 1))}{\cosh(\sqrt{s + \Phi^2}) s} \quad (11)$$

```
> U1(x):=subs(s=s-Phi^2,U(x));
```

$$U1(x) := \frac{\cosh(\sqrt{s} (x - 1))}{\cosh(\sqrt{s}) (s - \Phi^2)} \quad (12)$$

```
> P(s):=numer(U1(x));
```

$$P(s) := -\cosh(\sqrt{s} (x - 1)) \quad (13)$$

```
> Q(s):=denom(U1(x));
```

$$Q(s) := \cosh(\sqrt{s}) (-s + \Phi^2) \quad (14)$$

```
> A(s):=P(s)/diff(Q(s),s);
```

$$A(s) := -\frac{\cosh(\sqrt{s} (x - 1))}{\frac{1}{2} \frac{\sinh(\sqrt{s}) (-s + \Phi^2)}{\sqrt{s}} - \cosh(\sqrt{s})} \quad (15)$$

```
> solve(Q(s),s);
```

$$-\frac{1}{4} \pi^2, \Phi^2 \quad (16)$$

```
> _EnvAllSolutions := true:
```

```
> solve(Q(s),s):
```

The roots are:

```
> Phi^2,-((2*n-1)*Pi/2)^2;
```

$$\Phi^2, -\frac{1}{4} (2n - 1)^2 \pi^2 \quad (17)$$

```
> A[n]:=simplify(subs(s=mu,A(s))):
```

$$A_n := -\frac{2 \cosh(\sqrt{\mu} (x - 1)) \sqrt{\mu}}{-\sinh(\sqrt{\mu}) \mu + \sinh(\sqrt{\mu}) \Phi^2 - 2 \cosh(\sqrt{\mu}) \sqrt{\mu}} \quad (18)$$

```
> A[0]:=subs(mu^(1/2)=Phi,mu=Phi^2,A[n]):
```

```
> A[0]:=simplify(A[0]):
```

$$A_0 := \frac{\cosh(\Phi (x - 1))}{\cosh(\Phi)} \quad (19)$$

```
> A[n]:=simplify(subs(mu^(1/2)=I*(2*n-1)/2*Pi,mu=-((2*n-1)*Pi/2)^2,A[n])):
```

```
> vars:={cos(1/2*(2*n-1)*Pi)=0,sin(1/2*(2*n-1)*Pi)=(-1)^(n-1)}:
```

```
> A[n]:=simplify(subs(vars,A[n]));
```

$$A_n := \frac{4 (-1)^{-n} (2n-1) \pi \cos\left(\frac{1}{2} (2n-1) \pi (x-1)\right)}{4 \pi^2 n^2 - 4 \pi^2 n + \pi^2 + 4 \Phi^2} \quad (20)$$

```
> u0s:=A[0]*subs(mu=Phi^2,1/(s-mu));
```

$$u0s := \frac{\cosh(\Phi (x-1))}{\cosh(\Phi) (s - \Phi^2)} \quad (21)$$

```
> u0t:=invlaplace(u0s,s,t);
```

$$u0t := \frac{\cosh(\Phi (x-1)) e^{\Phi^2 t}}{\cosh(\Phi)} \quad (22)$$

```
> uns:=A[n]/(s-mu);
```

$$uns := \frac{4 (-1)^{-n} (2n-1) \pi \cos\left(\frac{1}{2} (2n-1) \pi (x-1)\right)}{(4 \pi^2 n^2 - 4 \pi^2 n + \pi^2 + 4 \Phi^2) (s - \mu)} \quad (23)$$

```
> unt:=invlaplace(uns,s,t);
```

$$unt := \frac{4 (-1)^{-n} (2n-1) \pi \cos\left(\frac{1}{2} (2n-1) \pi (x-1)\right) e^{\mu t}}{4 \pi^2 n^2 - 4 \pi^2 n + \pi^2 + 4 \Phi^2} \quad (24)$$

```
> unt:=subs(mu=-((2*n-1)/2*Pi)^2,unt);
```

$$unt := \frac{4 (-1)^{-n} (2n-1) \pi \cos\left(\frac{1}{2} (2n-1) \pi (x-1)\right) e^{-\frac{1}{4} (2n-1)^2 \pi^2 t}}{4 \pi^2 n^2 - 4 \pi^2 n + \pi^2 + 4 \Phi^2} \quad (25)$$

The time domain solution is obtained by multiplying the inverse Laplace transform of U1(x) by exp(-Phi^2t):

```
> U:=simplify(u0t*exp(-Phi^2*t))+Sum(unt,n=1..infinity)*exp(-Phi^2*t);
```

$$U := \frac{\cosh(\Phi (x-1))}{\cosh(\Phi)} + \left( \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{4 (-1)^{-n} (2n-1) \pi \cos\left(\frac{1}{2} (2n-1) \pi (x-1)\right) e^{-\frac{1}{4} (2n-1)^2 \pi^2 t}}{4 \pi^2 n^2 - 4 \pi^2 n + \pi^2 + 4 \Phi^2} \right) e^{-\Phi^2 t} \quad (26)$$

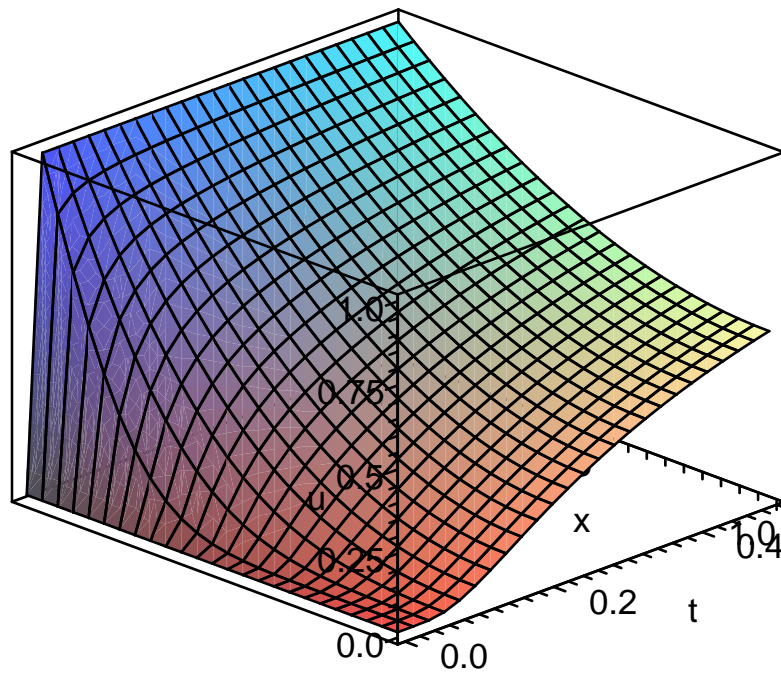
```
> u:=piecewise(t=0,0,t>0,subs(infinity=20,U));
```

The following plots are obtained:

```
> plot3d(subs(Phi=1,u),x=1..0,t=0.5..0,axes=boxed,title="Figure
```

```
Exp. 8.15.",labels=[x,t,"u"],orientation=[-45,60]);
```

Figure Exp. 8.15.



>

The solution obtained matches the separation of variables solution obtained in example 7.8.